

PROSPECTUS FOR SWITZERLAND

DINVEST An Alternative Fund of Funds with Special Risk

JUNE 2017

Dinvest **is not approved for distribution to non-qualified investors in or from Switzerland.** As a consequence, Dinvest and its sub-funds **may only be distributed to qualified investors** as defined in Article 10 of the Swiss Collective Investment Schemes Act.



UNION BANCAIRE PRIVÉE

DINVEST (the "Fund") invests as a "fund of funds" in Hedge Funds. An investment in the Fund carries substantial risks. The risks inherent to an investment in Hedge Funds are of a nature and degree not typically encountered in investments in securities of companies listed on major securities markets worldwide. There can be no assurance that the Fund's investment objective will be achieved and investment results may vary substantially over time. Investors incur the risk to lose all or part of their investment in the Fund. An investment in the Fund is not intended to be a complete investment program for any investor. Prospective Investors should carefully consider whether an investment in shares is suitable for them in the light of their own circumstances and financial resources (see "Risk Factors" below). The Board of Directors of the Fund will, however, seek to monitor risks through the selection of the Fund's investments based on a due diligence procedure (see "Due Diligence Process" below).

The Fund is registered under Part II of the Luxembourg law of 17th December 2010 relating to undertakings for collective investment, as amended (the "Law of 2010") and qualifies as an AIF (alternative investment fund) under the law of 12 July 2013 (the "AIFM Law") implementing the 2011/61/UE Directive on the alternative investment fund managers ("AIFMD"). UBP Asset Management (Europe) S.A. shall act as the appointed alternative investment fund manager ("AIFM") for the Fund.

However, such registration does not require any Luxembourg authority to approve or disapprove either the adequacy or accuracy of this Prospectus or the portfolio securities held by the Fund. Any representation to the contrary is unauthorised and unlawful.

Shares in the Fund are offered on the basis of the information and representations contained in this Prospectus or the documents specified herein and no other information or representation relating thereto is authorised. Neither the delivery of this Prospectus nor the offer, issue or sale of shares in the Fund shall under any circumstances constitute a representation that the information given in this Prospectus is correct as at any time subsequent to the date hereof.

Shares in the DINVEST may not be acquired or held, directly or indirectly, by a U.S. Person (as defined below); neither is the transfer of DINVEST Shares to such person authorised.

For the purposes of this Prospectus (but subject to applicable law, including Rule 902(k) of Regulation S promulgated under the US Securities Act 1933, as amended),

A) "United States" means:

The United States of America, its territories and possessions, any State of the United States, and the District of Columbia.

B) "U.S. Person" means:

1. any natural person who is a citizen of the United States (including dual citizens);
2. any natural person resident of or in the United States;
3. any partnership or corporation organized or incorporated under the laws of the United States;
4. any estate of which any executor or administrator is a U.S. Person or the income of which is subject to US income tax regardless of source ;
5. any trust of which any trustee is a U.S. Person or the income of which is subject to US income tax regardless of source;
6. any agency or branch of a foreign entity located in the United States;
7. any non-discretionary account or similar account (other than an estate or trust) held by a dealer or other fiduciary for the benefit or account of a U.S. Person;

8. any discretionary account or similar account (other than an estate or trust) held by a dealer or other fiduciary organized, incorporated, or (if an individual) resident in the United States; and
9. any partnership or corporation if:
 - (i) organized or incorporated under the laws of any foreign jurisdiction; and
 - (ii) formed by a U.S. Person principally for the purpose of investing in securities not registered under the US Securities Act 1933 as amended, unless it is organized or incorporated, and owned, by accredited investors (as defined in Rule 501(a) under the US Securities Act 1933 as amended) who are not natural persons, estates or trusts.
10. any entity organised principally for passive investment such as a pool, investment company or other similar entity; provided that the units of participation in the entity held by US Persons or persons otherwise not qualifying as “qualified eligible persons” (as defined in Rule 4.7 under the US Commodity Exchange Act) represent in the aggregate 10% or more of the beneficial interest in the entity, and that such entity was formed principally for the purpose of facilitating investment by US Persons in a pool with respect to which the operator is exempt from certain requirements of Part 4 under the US Commodity Exchange Act regulations by virtue of its participants being non-US Persons.

C) “U.S. Person” does not include:

1. any discretionary account or similar account (other than an estate or trust) held for the benefit or account of a non-U.S. Person by a dealer or other professional fiduciary organized, incorporated or, if an individual, resident in the United States;
2. any estate of which any professional fiduciary acting as executor or administrator is a U.S. Person if:
 - (i) an executor or administrator of the estate who is not a U.S. Person has sole or shared investment discretion with respect to the assets of the estate; and
 - (ii) the estate is governed by non-U.S. law;
3. any trust of which any professional fiduciary acting as trustee is a U.S. Person if a trustee who is not a U.S. Person has sole or shared investment discretion with respect to the trust assets, and no beneficiary of the trust (and no settlor if the trust is revocable) is a U.S. Person;
4. an employee benefit plan established and administered in accordance with the law of a country other than the United States and customary practices and documentation of such country;
5. any agency or branch of a U.S. Person located outside the United States if:
 - (i) the agency or branch operates for valid business reasons; and
 - (ii) the agency or branch is engaged in the business of insurance or banking and is subject to substantive insurance or banking regulation, respectively, in the jurisdiction where located; or
6. the International Monetary Fund, the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, the Inter-American Development Bank, the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank,

the United Nations and their agencies, affiliates and pension plans, and any other similar international organizations, their agencies, affiliates and pension plans.

The distribution of this document in other jurisdictions may also be restricted; persons into whose possession this document comes are required to inform themselves about and to observe any such restrictions. This document does not constitute a solicitation by anyone in any jurisdiction in which such solicitation is not authorised or to any person to whom it is unlawful to make such solicitation.

The information contained in this Prospectus is supplemented by the financial statements and further information contained in the latest annual and semi-annual reports of the Fund, copies of which may be requested free of charge at the registered office of the Fund or at the offices of Union Bancaire Privée, UBP SA in Geneva.

The Board of Directors of the Fund has taken all reasonable care to ensure that the facts stated herein are true and accurate in all material respects and that there are no material facts the omission of which makes misleading any statement herein, whether of fact or opinion. The Board of Directors accepts responsibility accordingly.

Each Investor must be aware that subscription for or acquisition of one or more Shares implies its complete and automatic adherence (i) to the content of the Prospectus and (ii) to the fact that any amendment conveyed to the Prospectus following an acceptable and validly implemented procedure described in section XII. C) of this Prospectus headed "Procedures for amending the Prospectus" shall bind and be deemed approved by all Investors.

Any information which the AIFM or the Fund is under a mandatory obligation (i) to make available to Investors before investing in the Fund, including any material change thereof and updates of this Prospectus's essential elements, or (ii) to disclose (periodically or on a regular basis) to Investors (each such information under (i) or (ii) being hereafter referred to as a "Mandatory Information") shall be validly made available or disclosed to Investors via and/or at any of the legally acceptable information means listed in the Constitutive Documents (the "Information Means").

Investors are reminded that certain Information Means (each hereinafter an "Electronic Information Means") require an access to internet and/or to an electronic messaging system and that, by the sole fact of investing or soliciting an investment in the Fund, Investors acknowledge the possible use of Electronic Information Means and confirm having access to internet and to an electronic messaging system allowing them to access any Mandatory Information made available or disclosed via an Electronic Information Means.

In principle, this Prospectus mentions the specific relevant Information Means via and/or at which an Investor may access any Mandatory Information that is not available or disclosed in this Prospectus. If this were not the case, Investors acknowledge that the relevant Information Means is available or disclosed at the registered office of the AIFM. No Investor will be allowed to invoke or claim the unavailability or non-disclosure of any Mandatory Information if this Mandatory Information was contained in this Prospectus or was available or disclosed via and/or at the relevant Information Means available or disclosed at the registered office of the AIFM.

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INFORMATION ON THE FUND

A. PRINCIPAL AGENTS

Fund DINEVEST (Société d'investissement à capital variable, Luxembourg), a fund of funds which offers Investors a choice between several Sub-Funds.

Sub-Fund(s) Each of the Fund's actual and future Sub-Funds. As of the date of this Prospectus, the Fund has one Sub-Fund
DINEVEST – Total Return Holdings

Each Sub-Fund may issue different Classes of shares. For each Sub-Fund, the Classes of shares issued as well as details of each Class are indicated in the relevant Sub-Fund's Annex.

Board of Directors of the Fund Mr Patrick Palffy, Chief Operating Officer Alternative Investment, Union Bancaire Privée, UBP SA, Geneva

Mr. David Biase, Member of the Executive Committee and Head of Portfolio Management, Union Bancaire Privée Asset Management LLC, New York

Mr André Schmit, Bank Executive, Schieren, Grand Duchy of Luxembourg

Mr Daniel Van Hove, Managing Director of Orionis Management S.A., Luxembourg

Alternative Investment Fund Manager UBP Asset Management (Europe) S.A., 287-289, route d'Arlon, L-1150 Luxembourg

Board of Directors of the Alternative Investment Fund Manager

Mr. André Gigon Senior Managing Director
Union Bancaire Privée, UBP SA
96-98, rue du Rhône, CH-1211 Genève 1
Chairman of the Board of Directors

Mrs. Isabelle Asseray Managing Director
UBP Asset Management (Europe) S.A
287-289, route d'Arlon, L-1150 Luxembourg

Mr. Christian Assel Managing Director
UBP Asset Management (Europe) S.A
287-289, route d'Arlon, L-1150 Luxembourg

Mr. Laurent Nicolaï de Gorhez	Managing Director Union Bancaire Privée, UBP SA 96-98, rue du Rhône, CH-1211 Genève 1
Conducting Officers of the Alternative Investment Fund Manager	Mr. Pierre Berger Mrs. Isabelle Asseray Mr. Christian Assel Mr. Dominique Leprévots
Investment Manager	Union Bancaire Privée, UBP SA 96-98 rue du Rhône CH-1211 Genève 1, Switzerland
Investment Adviser (to specific Sub-Fund(s), as stated in the relevant Annex)	Union Bancaire Privée Asset Management LLC 767 Fifth Avenue 19th Floor New York, New York 10153
Depository Bank	BNP Paribas Securities Services, Luxembourg Branch, 60, avenue J.F. Kennedy, L-1855 Luxembourg
Domiciliary Agent	UBP Asset Management (Europe) S. A., 287-289 route d'Arlon, L-1150 Luxembourg
Administrative, Registrar and Transfer Agent	CACEIS Bank Luxembourg Branch, 5, allée Scheffer, L-2520 Luxembourg (the " Administrative Agent ")
Auditor	Deloitte Audit Sàrl, 560, rue de Neudorf, L-2220 Luxembourg
Registered Office	287-289 route d'Arlon, L-1150 Luxembourg

B. SUMMARY AND DEFINED TERMS

AIFM	means UBP Asset Management (Europe) S.A., 287-289, route d'Arlon, L-1150 Luxembourg, i.e., the alternative investment fund manager appointed by the Fund pursuant to the AIFM Rules.
AIFM Directive	means the Directive 2011/61/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 8 June 2011 on Alternative Investment Fund Managers.
AIFM Law	means the Luxembourg Law of 12 July 2013 relating to alternative investment fund managers.
AIFM Regulation	means the Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No 231/2013 of 19 December 2012 supplementing Directive 2011/61/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to exemptions, general operating conditions, depositaries, leverage, transparency and supervision.

AIFM Rules	means the corpus of rules formed by the AIFM Directive, the AIFM Regulation and any binding guidelines or other delegated acts and regulations issued from time to time by the EU relevant authorities pursuant to the AIFM Directive and/or the AIFM Regulation, as well as by any national laws and regulations (such as the AIFM Law) which are taken in relation to (or transposing either of) the foregoing.
Annex	An annex to this Prospectus containing information with respect to a particular Sub-Fund.
Articles	The articles of association of the Fund as amended from time to time
Business Day	Any full bank business day in Luxembourg (Grand-Duchy of Luxembourg).
CHF	All references to CHF in the Prospectus are to the currency of Switzerland.
Classes	Pursuant to the Articles of Incorporation of the Fund, the Board of Directors may decide to issue, within each Sub-Fund, separate classes of shares (hereinafter referred to as a "Class" or "Classes", as appropriate) whose assets will be commonly invested but where a specific sales or redemption charge structure, fee structure, conversion rules, minimum subscription amount and minimum holding requirement, subscription currency or dividend policy may be applied. For each Sub-Fund, the Classes of shares issued are indicated in the relevant Sub-Fund's Annex. If different Classes are issued within a Sub-Fund, the details of each Class are described in the relevant Sub-Fund's Annex.
Constitutive Documents	means the Fund's instruments of incorporation/association
Dividends and Distributions	It is not the intention of the Fund to make distributions of net income or capital gains by way of dividends or distributions. Net income and capital gains are, therefore, effectively reinvested and represented in the value of the shares.
EUR	The official currency adopted by the member states of the European Union participating in the Economic and Monetary Union (EMU).
FATCA	The Foreign Account Tax Compliance provisions of the U.S. Hiring Incentives to Restore Employment Act enacted in March 2010.
Financial Year	The financial year of the Fund ends on 31st December.
GBP	All references to GBP in the Prospectus are to the currency of Great-Britain
Investor(s)	means any person who has invested in the Fund and/or who is solicited to invest in the Fund and/or has expressed an interest in

investing in the Fund.

Law of 2010	means the Luxembourg Law of 17 December 2010 regarding undertakings for collective investment, as amended from time to time
Minimum Subscription - Minimum Holding	The initial minimum subscription and the minimum holding requirement for shares of a Sub-Fund or Class is described in the relevant Annex. Any subsequent subscription shall be an integral multiple of 1 share.
Net Asset Value	The total assets minus liabilities and accrued expenses valued at current market prices.
Redemption Day	See information in the Annex relating to the relevant Sub-Fund.
Redemption Price	The Net Asset Value per share, each computed on the relevant Valuation Day.
Sub-manager	The manager of a UCI in which the assets of the Fund and/or Sub-Fund will be invested.
Subscription Charge	A sales commission not exceeding 3.00% of the Subscription Price may be added to compensate selected financial intermediaries and other persons who assist in the placement of shares (see relevant Annex).
Subscription Day	See information in the Annex relating to the relevant Sub-Fund.
Subscription Price	The Net Asset Value per share each computed on the relevant Valuation Day.
Term	The Fund has been launched for an indefinite period.
UCI	Undertakings for Collective Investments, i.e. the underlying funds, which may be structured as partnerships, limited liability companies and other investment vehicles typically used for alternative asset management.
USD	All references to "USD" in this Prospectus are to the currency of the United States of America.
Valuation Day	See information in the Annex relating to the relevant Sub-Fund.

II. THE FUND

The Fund is an investment company which had been initially organised as a société anonyme on 15th July 1986 under the laws of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg. The Fund adopted the status of an undertaking for collective investment and the particular form of a société d'investissement à capital variable (SICAV) pursuant to a resolution of an extraordinary general meeting of shareholders held on 30th December 1998. With effect on 3rd September 2003, the Fund has absorbed Dinvest Two, an undertaking for collective investment governed by part II of the Law of 30th March 1988 regarding undertakings for collective investment. The Fund is registered under the part II of the Law of 17th December 2010 regarding undertakings for collective investment and qualifies as an AIF under the AIFM Law. The articles of incorporation of the Fund (the "Articles") were published initially in the Mémorial of 7th August 1986 and have subsequently been amended several times. The Articles have been restated in their entirety with effect as from 1st January 1999 by the extraordinary general meeting of shareholders held on 30th December 1998 and they were published in such form in the Mémorial of 6th February 1999. The Articles have further been amended and for the last time on 21st May 2008 published in the Mémorial of 24th June 2008. The Articles in their consolidated form are on file with the *Registre de Commerce et des Sociétés* de Luxembourg where they are available for inspection and where copies thereof may be obtained. Copies may also be obtained at the registered office of the Fund.

The Fund is registered with the *Registre de Commerce et des Sociétés* de Luxembourg under n° B 24 540.

The Fund offers Investors, within the same investment vehicle, a choice between several Sub-Funds (the "**Sub-Funds**"), which are managed separately and which are distinguished mainly by their specific investment policy and/or by the currency in which they are denominated. The specifications of each Sub-Fund are described in the Annexes of this Prospectus. The Board of Directors of the Fund may, at any time, decide to create further Sub-Funds or share Classes within existing Sub-Funds and in such case, this Prospectus will be updated.

As of the date of this Prospectus, the Fund has one Sub-Fund created under the denomination of:

- DINVEST – Total Return Holdings

For each Sub-Fund, different Classes of shares may be issued.

For each Sub-Fund, the Classes of shares issued as well as details of each class are indicated in the relevant Sub-Fund's Annex.

The base currency of the Fund is USD. The base currency of each Sub-Fund and each Class is indicated in the relevant Sub-Fund's Annex.

III. INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES AND STRATEGIES OF THE FUND

The primary objective of the Fund is to achieve long-term, risk adjusted capital appreciation by investing its assets in a diversified portfolio of UCIs using non-conventional or alternative asset management strategies. There can be no assurance that the Fund will achieve its objectives.

IV. INVESTMENT POLICY OF THE FUND

The Fund operates as a fund of funds, investing its assets in a portfolio of UCIs, which are generically known as Hedge Funds, primarily managed by independent investment managers throughout the world or by investment managers of the Union Bancaire Privée Group. They use opportunistic alternative asset management strategies.

A. ALTERNATIVE VS TRADITIONAL ASSET MANAGEMENT

In contrast with traditional asset management based on the assumption of efficient markets and the perception that outperforming the market over time is impossible without accepting undue risk to capital, alternative asset management presumes that markets are indeed inefficient and offer, therefore, opportunities for increased investment performance without increased risk to capital. Some of the defining characteristics of alternative asset management strategies can be summarised as follows:

- Whereas traditional asset management will focus on building a portfolio of long securities, essentially equities and bonds, alternative asset management will use both long and short positions. In addition, the use of derivatives, both for hedging and speculative purposes, is not limited in alternative asset management strategies.
- In traditional asset management, the use of leverage is only permitted to a limited extent. By contrast, alternative asset management strategies can be highly leveraged.
- A portfolio managed according to traditional asset management principles aims to outperform a benchmark, some form of index, or industry median, following an indexed and/or passive investment approach. Performance, therefore, is measured on a relative basis. Alternative asset management, on the other hand, seeks to capture absolute gains at all times, whether in a rising, static, or falling market, following a dynamic investment approach.
- Traditional asset management strategies generate returns which are more highly correlated to major market indices than alternative asset management strategies.

B. HEDGE FUND: A CONTEMPORARY DEFINITION

Since then, the "Hedge Fund" concept has expanded to include a variety of alternative investment strategies. Far from being a homogeneous group, hedge funds today cover a wide array of investment styles and strategies. Some adhere to well defined investment disciplines while others are highly opportunistic. Risk profiles and performance attributes, therefore, can vary substantially. Finally, the style of some hedge funds may evolve over time to better suit market conditions. Broadly speaking, hedge funds styles and investment strategies include the following:

- *Equity Long-Short* strategies cover those strategies, generally, that take long positions on stocks that are expected to increase in value and short positions on those expected to decline in value.
- *Macro strategies*. In addition to a core portfolio of long and short equity securities, a macro hedge fund will have a significant portion of its assets invested in non-equity investments such as fixed-income securities, currencies, options, various types of futures and forward contracts and other synthetic or derivative instruments. Unlike investments in the core portfolio, these non-equity investments do not involve a "bottom-up" fundamental analysis approach but rather "top-down" analysis and projections with respect to various macroeconomic factors such as interest rates and currency exchange rates movements. Macro strategies may include significantly highly leveraged positions.

- *Arbitrage or relative value strategies.* These strategies are based on the principle that when a price discrepancy exists between related trading instruments, a relative value position may be established by buying the relatively underpriced instrument and hedging that position by selling short the relatively overpriced instrument. If the relationship between these instruments returns to normal (fairly priced), a profit may be realised. Examples of such strategies include: convertible arbitrage, fixed income arbitrage and capital structure arbitrage.
- *Event-driven strategies,* focusing on the securities of corporations involved in significant transactions, including mergers, acquisitions, divestitures, tender offers, liquidations, restructurings and other similar corporate events. These strategies profit from the successful completion of the transaction by purchasing the securities at a discount to the value that will be realised upon completion of the transaction.
- *Distressed securities investment strategies,* based on the observation that securities of companies involved in bankruptcy proceedings are frequently undervalued, providing the prospect of greater appreciation in value than the securities of more financially stable issuers. Undervaluation, in relation to real fundamental value, may be the result of several factors, including, the difficulty of financial analysis of a troubled issuer, complex legal difficulties and the lack of available information.
- *CTAs (Commodities Trading Advisers).* CTAs manage assets using global futures and options markets, ranging from currencies, fixed income markets, equity indices and the commodity and energy markets. The managers often use systematic or technical trading processes. While some managers implement their decisions on a discretionary basis, most trade from signals generated by proprietary systematic models, which use historical data to anticipate price movements.

The Directors of the Fund intend to invest the assets of the various Sub-Funds in a variety of opportunistic alternative strategies, including but not limited to some or all of the above. The portfolio allocation of each Sub-Fund is described in the relevant Annexes to this Prospectus.

C. STRUCTURE OF FUND-OF-FUNDS: ADVANTAGES AND DISADVANTAGES

The main advantages of a fund-of-funds structure as compared to the structure of traditional funds are the following:

- i) Investments in a diversified portfolio of UCIs which pursue different investment strategies and objectives result in a limitation of risks compared to investments in a single investment strategy or objective.
- ii) Investments in a diversified portfolio of UCIs managed by different investment Sub-managers result in a limitation of risks compared to the management of all assets by the same investment manager.
- iii) Collective fund investment vehicles, such as the Fund, allow the Investor to invest indirectly in UCIs in which the Investor could not invest directly due to high minimum subscription and holding amounts.

The main disadvantages of a fund-of-funds structure as compared to the structure of traditional funds are the following:

- i) Each of the underlying UCIs has its own fee structure which will be charged in addition to the fees of the Fund (see "XIII. Fees and Expenses" below).
- ii) The dilution of risks as a result of the diversified investment strategies and objectives leads to the dilution of the performance of the most successful investments of the Fund.

D. INVESTMENTS THROUGH A THIRD PARTY FUND PLATFORM

The Fund may invest up to 100% of its assets through one or several Independent Fund Platforms promoted or run by third party asset managers (“Platform Managers”) which may generally offer increased transparency, risk monitoring, assets control and governance services.

Where the Fund invests through the Independent Fund Platforms, participation in the platform is expected to provide comprehensive investment transparency, independent valuation, position-based aggregated risk reporting and administration and custody services. Although a Platform Manager generally will not allocate assets to portfolio managers on a discretionary basis or recommend portfolio managers, the Platform Manager will perform due diligence on prospective portfolio managers. Following satisfactory completion of initial due diligence on a prospective portfolio manager, the Platform Manager will facilitate the inclusion of the portfolio manager on the Independent Fund Platform, including (i) the creation of the relevant fund structure, (ii) entering into an investment management agreement with such portfolio manager, (iii) entering into service provider agreements, (iv) opening fund accounts (v) entering into counterparty agreements, (vi) monitoring the portfolio manager’s compliance with investment guidelines, (vii) monitoring compliance by the portfolio manager with the investment management agreement, and (ix) operational integration, coordination and oversight of service providers.

As of the date of this prospectus, the Fund expects to utilize the Independent Fund Platform managed by Guggenheim Fund Solutions, a unit of Guggenheim Partners LLC. The Fund may at any time and without notice change Independent Platforms in its sole discretions consistent with its fiduciary duties to the shareholders.

E. INVESTMENTS IN FINANCIAL DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS AND OTHER PORTFOLIO MANagements TECHNIQUES

A Sub-Fund may engage in transactions involving the use of derivative instruments including but not limited to forward foreign exchange contracts, currency futures and options thereon, put and call options on indices or securities, stock index and interest rate futures and options thereon, total return swaps, indexed deposits and any other techniques and instruments as the Sub-Fund may consider appropriate to employ leverage on the portfolio in the limits applicable to the Sub-Fund, for hedging and/or for efficient portfolio management purposes.

A Sub-Fund may issue debt instruments on a private basis for leverage purposes such as variable funding notes. Subscribers are the credit or lending institution which have structured the debt instruments. The Sub-Fund may also engage in repurchase, reverse repurchase and stock lending and borrowing arrangements for investment or for efficient portfolio management purposes within the limits applicable to the Sub-Fund.

For the purpose of providing margin or collateral in respect of such transactions, a Sub-Fund may transfer, mortgage, charge or encumber any assets or cash forming part of the Sub-Fund.

V. INVESTMENT RESTRICTIONS

The Board of Directors has resolved that a Sub-Fund may not:

1. Invest more than 20% of its net assets, in securities issued by a single issuer or UCI. In the case of structured products, such limit is applicable both on the issuer of the structured product and on its underlying.

2. Invest more than 10% of its net assets, in securities which are neither listed on an official exchange nor dealt in on another market which operates regularly and is recognised and open to the public. Such limit does not apply:
 - i) To investments in shares or units of UCIs;
 - ii) To securities for which a listing has been requested and obtained within one year, in which case they are considered as listed securities;
 - iii) To money market instruments issued by first class issuers.
3. Invest more than 20% of its cash in deposit with the same credit institution.

There will be no commissions levied on the assets of the Sub-Fund which are invested in units of UCIs which, in accordance with their investment policy, invest principally in other UCIs, unless the Sub-Fund invests in a share class of the target fund which bears no commissions. Investments in such other UCIs will only be made if they are deemed to be in the best interest of the Sub-fund's shareholders.

The Board of Directors may from time to time impose further investment restrictions as shall be compatible with or in the interest of the shareholders, in order to comply with the laws and regulations of the countries where the shares of the Fund are distributed.

The restrictions set forth above shall only be applicable at the time where the relevant investment is made. If the restrictions are exceeded as a result of any events other than the making of investments, the situation shall be remedied, taking due account of the interest of the shareholders.

VI. RISK FACTORS

A. GENERAL RISKS

Prospective Investors should be aware that because of the alternative investment strategies of the Fund an investment in the Fund involves a high degree of risk, including the risk of loss of the entire amount invested.

Sub-managers may invest in and actively trade instruments with significant risk characteristics, including risks arising from the volatility of securities, financial futures, derivatives, currency and interest rate markets, the leverage factors associated with trading in such markets and instruments, and the potential exposure to loss resulting from counterparty defaults. There can be no assurance that a Sub-Fund's investment program will be successful or that the investment objective of a Sub-Fund will be achieved. Shares in the Fund may fluctuate in price and value, and the value of the shares may decline below the amount originally invested.

While a *Due Diligence Process* is generally used to select and monitor the individual funds in which the assets of the Fund are invested, there can be no assurance that the past performance information will be indicative of how such investments will perform (either in terms of profitability or correlation) in the future. Upon a redemption of shares or the liquidation of the Fund, Investors may receive less than the amount invested.

The Fund intends to invest in UCIs which pursue a speculative investment policy. These UCIs will generally fall in the category commonly known as "hedge funds" or "alternative investments". Some investments may also be made in UCIs which trade in commodities futures and options, currencies and currency contracts or financial instruments. Thus, such UCIs use specific investment and trading techniques such as investments in options,

use of futures or short sales of securities. The Fund will seek to achieve risk diversification by selecting UCIs managed by different Sub-managers with different investment styles or investing in different areas.

B. LACK OF REGULATORY SUPERVISION

The Fund is permitted to invest in UCIs established in jurisdictions where no or less supervision than in the EU is exercised on such UCIs by regulators. Although the Fund will ensure that in any such event other safeguards are provided for the protection of the interest of the shareholders of such UCIs, such protection may be less efficient than if a supervision by a regulator was exercised. Further the efficiency of any supervision or of other safeguards may be affected by a lack of precision of investment and risk diversification guidelines applicable to, and the flexibility of the investment policies pursued by, such UCIs. However, in order to minimize these risks, a *Due Diligence Process* has been put in place setting out various criteria for the selection of UCIs (see below "*Due Diligence Process*").

C. ILLIQUIDITY OF THE UCIs

Although the Investment Manager will seek to select UCIs which offer the opportunity to have their shares or units redeemed within a reasonable time frame, there is no assurance that the liquidity of the investments of such UCIs will always be sufficient to meet redemption requests as, and when made. Any lack of liquidity may affect the liquidity of the shares of the Fund and the value of its investments.

For such reasons the treatment of redemption requests may be postponed in exceptional circumstances including if a lack of liquidity may result in difficulties to determine the Net Asset Value of the shares of the Fund and consequently a suspension of issues and redemptions.

D. PERFORMANCE FEE

A portion of the fees of the Investment Manager is based on the Fund's performance. In addition, due to the specialist nature of the UCIs in which the Fund invests, many, if not most of such UCIs, may be paid performance fees. Under these arrangements the Investment Manager and the Sub-managers will benefit from the appreciation, including any unrealized appreciation, if the value of the assets under their management increases, but they may not similarly be penalized for realized losses or decreases in the value of such assets. Further, because several, if not all Sub-managers may be paid performance fees, it is possible that in a given year such fees will be paid whereas the total net asset value per share of the Fund decreases.

E. FEE STRUCTURE

The Fund incurs the costs of its management and of the fees paid to the Investment Manager and the Depositary and other service providers as well as a prorata portion of the fees paid by the UCIs in which the Fund invests to their Sub-manager or other service providers. As a result the operating expenses of the Fund may constitute a higher percentage of the net asset value than could be found in other investment schemes. Further, some of the strategies employed at the level of the UCIs require frequent changes in trading positions and a consequent portfolio turnover. This may involve brokerage commission expenses to exceed significantly those of other investment schemes of comparable size.

Potential Investors should be aware that the fees payable to the Investment Manager are in addition to the fees paid by the investee UCIs to the Sub-manager and that, there may be a duplication of fees (please refer to "XIII. Fees and Expenses" below).

F. LEVERAGE

Certain UCIs in which the Fund invests, operate with substantial degree of leverage and are not limited in the extent to which they either may borrow or engage in margin transactions. The positions maintained by such UCIs may in aggregate value be in excess of the net asset value of the Fund. This leverage presents the potential for a higher rate of return but also increases the volatility of the Fund, including the risk of a total loss of the amount invested.

The Sub-Funds may make use of financial derivative instruments and other efficient portfolio management techniques. The use of such instruments and techniques has a leverage effect, which creates the potential for more significant profits, but also gives rise to a higher risk that losses will exceed the amount invested. The use of leverage therefore increases the overall risk involved in investing in the Fund's shares.

Shareholders should note that the sum of notional calculation methodology does not take into account any netting and hedging arrangements a Sub-Fund may have in place. In addition they should note that leverage per se is not an accurate risk indicator. A high degree of leverage does not necessarily imply a higher degree of risk.

G. RISKS RELATED TO SHORT SALES

The UCIs in which the Fund invests may engage in short selling of securities which may expose the portion of the UCI's assets committed to such activities to unlimited risk due to the lack of an upper limit on the price to which a security may rise. However, to the extent that the Fund participates in short selling activities through a UCI, the Fund's losses will be limited to the amount invested in the particular UCI.

H. ABSENCE OF CUSTODIAN BANKS OF THE UNDERLYING UCIs

Many of the UCIs in which the assets of the Fund are allocated have a broker as a custodian instead of a bank. In certain cases these brokers may not have the same credit rating as a bank. In addition, contrary to custodian banks in regulated environments, these brokers will perform only safekeeping functions with no statutory supervisory obligations.

I. ABSENCE OF AUDITORS OF THE UNDERLYING UCIs

Some of the UCIs in which the assets of the Fund are allocated may not have auditors of the same standard or exercising the same audit and supervision as required for auditors of funds.

J. CONFLICTS OF INTERESTS

Fund

Conflicts of interests may arise between the Fund and the persons or entities involved as advisers in the management of the Fund and/or the Sub-managers of the UCIs in which the Fund invests. The Sub-managers normally manage assets of other clients that make investments similar to those made on behalf of the

undertakings in which the Fund invests. Such clients could thus compete for the same trades or investments and whilst available investments or opportunities for each client are generally allocated in a manner to be believed equitable to each, some of those allocation procedures may adversely affect the price paid or received for investments or the size of positions obtained or disposed.

Conflicts may also arise as a result of the other services provided by Union Bancaire Privée or its affiliates which may provide advisory or other services to the Investment Manager, to other clients and some of the other UCIs in which the Fund invests. Similarly the Directors of the Fund may also be directors of UCIs in which the Fund may invest and the interests of such UCIs and of the Fund could result in conflicts.

Generally there may be conflicts of interests between the interests of the Fund and the interests of the Investment Manager and its affiliates to generate fees, commissions and other revenues. In the event that such a conflict of interests arises, the Directors of the Fund will endeavour to ensure that it is resolved in a fair manner.

Furthermore, some Sub-managers have an equity stake in their own fund. Conflicts of interest can therefore not be ruled out at the level of the UCIs.

AIFM

According to the AIFM Rules, the AIFM must take all reasonable steps to identify conflicts of interest that arise in the course of managing the Fund between the AIFM (including its managers, employees or any person directly or indirectly linked to the AIFM by control) and the Fund or its Investors, the Fund or its Investors and another client of the AIFM (including another alternative investment fund, an undertaking for collective investment in transferable securities or their investors), and two clients of the AIFM.

The AIFM must maintain and operate effective organisational and administrative arrangements with a view to taking all reasonable steps designed to identify, prevent, manage and monitor conflicts of interest in order to prevent them from adversely affecting the interests of the Fund and its Investors.

The AIFM must segregate, within its own operating environment, tasks and responsibilities which may be regarded as incompatible with each other or which may potentially generate systematic conflicts of interest. The AIFM must assess whether its operating conditions may involve any other material conflicts of interest and disclose them to the Investors.

Where organisational arrangements made by the AIFM to identify, prevent, manage and monitor conflicts of interest are not sufficient to ensure, with reasonable confidence, that risks of damage to Investors' interests will be prevented, the AIFM must clearly disclose the general nature or sources of conflicts of interest to the investors before undertaking business on their behalf, and develop appropriate policies and procedures.

Investors are informed that, by the sole fact of soliciting an investment or, a fortiori, investing in the Fund, they acknowledge and consent that the information to be disclosed as per the above is available at the registered office of the AIFM and that this information will not be addressed personally to them.

K. NATURE OF THE INVESTMENTS IN THE FUND

Although the Investment Manager seeks to monitor investments and trading activities of the UCIs to which the Fund has allocated assets, investment decisions are normally made independently at the level of such UCIs

and it is possible that some Sub-managers will take positions in the same security or in issues of the same industry or country or in the same currency or commodity at the same time. Consequently, the possibility also exists that one UCI purchases an instrument at about the same time when another UCI decides to sell it. There is no guarantee that the selection of the Sub-managers will actually result in a diversification of investment styles and that the positions taken by the underlying UCIs will always be consistent.

The assets of the Fund may be allocated to UCIs whose primary investment strategies include speculative trading of commodities futures and/or financial futures contracts, currencies and other financial market instruments including complex derivative contracts. Prices of the investments can be highly volatile and UCIs may use a high degree of leverage. As a result of leverage, a relatively small price movement in the underlying investment may result in substantial losses or gains to the Investor. Similarly some of the UCIs may have the majority of their assets invested in options and other geared instruments, where a relatively small price movement in the underlying security or commodity may result in substantial losses or profits.

L. EXPOSURE TO FOREIGN EXCHANGE RISK

Where a Sub-Fund is investing all or part of its assets in UCIs of a different currency from that in which the Sub-Fund is denominated, the Sub-Fund may enter into forward foreign exchange transactions in order to manage the foreign exchange risks arising from holding such instruments and in order to protect the value of its investments against short-term market volatility. These techniques may not always be possible or effective in limiting losses. Where the intention of the Investment Manager is to perform currency hedging for the share class denominated in a currency other than the base currency of the Sub-Fund, residual currency risk may subsist.

M. FOREIGN JURISDICTIONS

There are only very limited constraints on the investment strategies and techniques that can be employed by the Sub-managers. As a result of its diversified investments, the Fund may incur other risks, including currency exchange risks in respect of assets held in other currencies, tax risks in respect of assets invested in other jurisdictions, political risks relating to political, social and economic factors which may affect the assets of the UCIs in which the Fund invests, which are held in countries which may be subject to economic difficulties, political uncertainty or social unrest.

N. MARKET RISKS

The Fund invests in UCIs active on various markets throughout the world. Political changes, changes to the applicable legal framework, fiscal measures or currency risks on these markets may have a negative impact on the assets or the financial results of the underlying UCIs and, consequently, of the Fund.

O. DERIVATIVES

The Sub-Fund or the Sub-managers on behalf of UCIs may use a variety of derivative instruments in implementing their investment strategies. The pricing of certain derivatives may be uncertain, variable, and based primarily on theoretical models, the outputs of which may vary substantially from the prices actually recognized in the market. In addition, the derivatives market is, in comparison to other markets, a relatively new market, and uncertainties exist as to how the market in derivatives will perform during periods of unusual price volatility or instability, market illiquidity or credit distress. The primary risks associated with the use of such derivatives are: (i) model risk, (ii) market risk and (iii) counterparty risk. Investments in OTC derivatives are subject to greater risk of counterparty default and less liquidity than exchange-traded derivatives, although

exchange-traded derivatives are subject to risk of failure of the exchange on which they are traded and the clearinghouse through which they are guaranteed.

The prices of derivative instruments can be highly volatile. Price movements of derivative instruments are influenced by, among other things, interest rates, changing supply and demand relationships, trade, fiscal, monetary and exchange control programs and policies of governments and national and international political and economic events and policies. In addition, governments from time to time intervene, directly and by regulation, in certain markets. Such intervention often is intended directly to influence prices and may, together with other factors, cause all of such markets to move rapidly in the same direction because of, among other things, interest-rate fluctuations.

The use of OTC derivatives, such as forward contracts, swap agreements and contracts for difference, will also expose the Sub-Fund and UCIs to the risk that the legal documentation of the contract may not accurately reflect the intention of the parties.

P. FUND PLATFORM RISKS

Because the Fund's may invest a large part of its assets in portfolio managers through Independent Fund Platforms operated by unaffiliated, third-party Platform Managers, the Fund is subject to risks associated with the Independent Fund Platforms and the Platform Managers.

In certain aspects, the Fund's utilization of the independent Fund Platform operated by Platform Managers may be disadvantageous to Shareholders as compared with investments in UCIs that are sponsored and operated by portfolio managers. For example where the Independent Fund Platform is built as master-feeder structure, the Fund's operating expenses related to such Independent Fund Platform may be a higher percentage of net assets than if the Fund made a direct investment in an UCI that is sponsored and operated by a portfolio manager. Furthermore, the Fund will be subject to any risks associated with any failure, insolvency or liquidation of service providers selected by the Platform Manager.

The Fund will depend on the Platform Manager and the portfolio managers to maintain appropriate procedures and to control operational risk. A failure by either the Platform Manager, portfolio managers participating in the Independent Fund Platform or their respective service providers may have a material adverse effect on the Fund.

Q. FUND PLATFORM CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

The Investment Manager, the Investment Adviser or one of its affiliates does or may serve as investment adviser to accounts in which certain affiliates of a Platform Manager are direct or indirect investors. Because the Investment Manager, the Investment Adviser or one of its affiliates is compensated for such services to such accounts affiliated with the Platform Manager, the Investment Manager, the Investment Adviser or one of its affiliates may have an incentive to favour the use (and higher utilization rate) of the related Independent Platform than would be the case in the absence of such advisory relationships.

THE FOREGOING LIST OF RISK FACTORS DOES NOT PURPORT TO BE A COMPLETE EXPLANATION OF THE RISKS INVOLVED. PROSPECTIVE INVESTORS SHOULD READ THE ENTIRE PROSPECTUS AND FULLY EVALUATE ALL OTHER INFORMATION THAT THEY DEEM NECESSARY FOR DETERMINING TO INVEST IN THE FUND. PROSPECTIVE INVESTORS SHOULD ENSURE THAT THEY FULLY UNDERSTAND THE CONTENT OF THIS PROSPECTUS.

ACCORDINGLY, INVESTMENT IN THE SHARES OF THE FUND IS ONLY APPROPRIATE FOR INVESTORS WHO ARE WILLING TO ACCEPT THE RISKS AND REWARDS STEMMING FROM SUCH AN APPROACH.

VII. DUE DILIGENCE PROCESS

The investment process of the Investment Manager and/or the Investment Adviser (collectively, “UBP AI”) is a blend of a Top-Down and Bottom-Up analyses with risk oversight at each step, taking into account the Fund’s, and each of its Sub-Fund’s, investment objectives, operational constraints, specifications, order management, liquidity, transparency, etc.

A. TOP-DOWN PROCESS

1. The first step of the Top-Down analysis is to formulate a macro view, based on an assessment of the prevailing global political/economic situation. To do so, UBP AI tends to split the world into four main blocs: the United States, Europe, China, and Japan. For each bloc, UBP AI considers four main components: the government (overall sovereign situation), the financial sector, the corporate sector, and consumer demand.
2. Market Fundamentals – UBP AI uses the analysis derived from these observations to price the equity markets, primarily the S&P 500 Index (“S&P”). UBP AI considers the S&P the closest gauge of market risk aversion, which is a primary tool of the process. Earnings season analysis, yield curve analysis and analysis of different equity sectors also help in the evaluation. In addition to the above assessment of GDP, sales, revenue, EBITDA, and EPS, UBP AI looks very closely at P/E ratios in order to identify buying and selling opportunities.
3. Technical Analysis – Over the years, UBP AI has developed proprietary signals that give it an indication on the long-term and the short-term direction of various markets (bullish, range-bound, and bearish). UBP AI monitors flows in domestic equity mutual funds, money market funds, and hedge funds. Hedge fund manager exposures are aggregated by UBP AI’s Risk Department, who, through the use of a risk aggregator and direct contact with managers, monitor 13F filings and sector flow - all key components of the technical analysis. The final output of this analysis is the formulation of both a short-term and a long-term view on equities.
4. Risk Aversion/Portfolio Risk Aversion (PRA) – Based on the three steps described above (macro, market fundamentals and technicals), UBP AI arrives at a level of qualitative risk aversion. This level of risk aversion is validated by UBP AI’s proprietary quantitative risk aversion index, developed using inputs which include, among others, the VIX index and high yield spreads which are key leading indicators of market risk aversion.
5. Strategy Allocation – UBP AI uses this PRA number as an input to its proprietary allocation optimizer. This process is based on stochastic dominance which does not assume that hedge fund returns are normally distributed. Through this process, UBP AI obtains the optimized strategy allocation based on its proprietary strategy indices.

B. BOTTOM-UP PROCESS

Since the middle of 2012, UBP AI has shifted its focus towards investing in smaller, more nimble hedge fund managers with significant trading experience. In UBP AI’s view, sourcing new talent and demonstrating high conviction in manager selection has become the dominant factor in predicting performance. UBP AI believes

the target fund size should be small enough to allow them to be nimble and dynamically shift exposures in accordance with market moves.

For each strategy/sub-strategy, UBP AI maintains a list of the top 10 monthly funds and top 10 quarterly funds ranked 1 through 10 by the analyst responsible for the respective strategy. Any new fund that an analyst wishes to present for validation and approval will first need to be compared to the existing list of approved names. UBP AI compares these lists to both HFRI and HFRX strategy indices. UBP AI also looks at the list comprised of the 5 funds in which its analysts have the highest conviction, a subset of the top 10 list, within each strategy. Finally, each analyst responsible for introducing a new fund must identify, prior to any investment, the level of AUM at which UBP AI should reassess the manager's ability to manage a larger asset base. UBP AI believes the exit point is equally as important as the entry point, and it always design an exit strategy before subscribing to any UCI. For each strategy, a UBP AI index will be calculated by taking the recommended list at the beginning of each quarter with the corresponding performance during the quarter.

C. OPERATIONAL RISK OR NON-INVESTMENT RISK ANALYSIS

Operational Risk and Due Diligence analysis focuses on those risks that are not investment related. It is the risk of loss caused by deficiencies in internal controls, business processes or information systems, and may be the result of either internal or external events. Indeed, in an environment where objective information on the operations of hedge fund managers is not readily available, where there are no "industry norms" and no, or limited, regulatory supervision, the reassessment of the quality of a hedge fund manager's operation is of importance. Due diligence is performed on each UCI prior to investment and on an annual basis thereafter. Each UCI is evaluated using a rigorous and extensive pre-investment review process based on the core philosophy that effective due diligence requires a thorough analysis of both investment and non-investment risks faced by the portfolio manager. No assurance can be given to any Investor on the adequacy or inadequacy of a hedge fund manager's operational controls.

In making investment decisions, the Investment Manager will review the qualitative, quantitative and structural risk analysis and may perform any further analyses it deems necessary to make an appropriate assessment of the risk/reward profile of each UCI.

VIII. MANAGEMENT OF THE FUND

1 THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board of Directors is responsible for:

- the appointment of service providers of the Fund;
- the monitoring of the performances and overall operations of the Fund.

2 AIFM AND MANAGEMENT COMPANY

The Board of Directors of the Fund has appointed UBP Asset Management (Europe) S.A. to act as its management company and alternative investment fund manager within the meaning of the AIFM Law (the "AIFM"). The AIFM was incorporated on 17 May, 2013 for an indefinite period, as a "société anonyme" ("limited company") governed by the laws of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg and is authorised as a management company under Chapter 15 of the Law of 2010 and as alternative investment fund manager under Chapter 2 of

the AIFM Law. The AIFM is wholly owned by Union Bancaire Privée, UBP SA Geneva. To that effect, the Fund entered into an Alternative Investment Fund Management Agreement (the “Management Agreement”) concluded for an indefinite period. The Management Agreement may be terminated by either of the two parties subject to three months’ prior notice. Under the Management Agreement, the AIFM receives an appropriate management fee as remuneration for its services as AIFM of the Fund.

Under the terms of the Management Agreement and in accordance with Annex I of the AIFM Law, the AIFM is in charge of the investment management functions of the Fund (i.e. portfolio and risk management).

Furthermore, the AIFM may, pursuant to the Management Agreement and in accordance with Part II of the Law of 2010, the AIFM Law and the Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No 231/2013 of 19 December 2012 supplementing Directive 2011/61/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to exemptions, general operating conditions, depositaries, leverage, transparency and supervision (“AIFM Regulation”) delegate under its sole responsibility all or parts of the aforementioned duties to third parties duly authorised to perform such functions.

The AIFM has delegated the portfolio management to the Investment Manager. Information about conflicts of interests that may arise from these delegations is available at the registered office of the AIFM

The AIFM holds appropriate additional own funds in accordance with the provisions of the AIFM Law and the AIFM Regulation to cover any potential professional liability resulting from its activities as AIFM.

The AIFM employs a risk management process and also has risk management procedures and processes which enable it to monitor the risks of the Fund.

The AIFM maintains a liquidity management process to monitor the liquidity risk of the Sub-Funds, which includes, among other tools and methods of measurement, the use of stress tests under both normal and exceptional liquidity conditions.

The liquidity management systems and procedures allow the AIFM to apply various tools and arrangements necessary to ensure that the portfolio of each Sub-Fund is sufficiently liquid to normally respond appropriately to redemption requests. In normal circumstances, redemption requests will be processed as set out in section “Issue, Redemption and Conversion of Shares”.

Other arrangements may also be used in response to redemption requests, including the temporary suspension or deferral of such redemption requests in certain circumstances or use of similar arrangements which, if activated, will restrict the redemption rights Investors benefit from in normal circumstances as set out below under the section “Issue, Redemption and Conversion of Shares” and “Valuation of the Shares”.

The AIFM has established policies and procedures and made arrangements to ensure the fair treatment of Investors. Such arrangements include, but are not limited to, ensuring that no one or more Investors are given preferential treatment over any rights and obligations in relation to their investment in the Fund. All rights and obligations to Investors, including those related to subscription and redemption requests, are set out in this Prospectus or the Articles.

Information regarding the risk management process and liquidity management employed by the AIFM is available upon request from the registered office of the AIFM.

3 THE INVESTMENT ADVISER

The Investment Manager may appoint one or more investment advisers in connection with its services to the Fund. In this respect, the Investment Manager has appointed Union Bancaire Privée Asset Management LLC as Adviser (the "Investment Adviser") which provides the Investment Manager with research and non-discretionary investment advice relating to specific Sub-Fund(s) as stated in the relevant Annex.

4 THE INVESTMENT MANAGER

The Investment Manager, Union Bancaire Privée, UBP SA, is a bank duly incorporated and existing in accordance with the laws of Switzerland.

The Investment Manager shall assume the day-to-day asset management of the Fund and each of its Sub-Funds. In particular, the Investment Manager shall ensure that:

- i) the investment restrictions of the Fund are at all times complied with;
- ii) the cash is reinvested according to the Sub-Fund's investment guidelines.

In addition, the Investment Manager shall be responsible for the evaluation and monitoring of the structural risk at the UCIs managers' level, following the methodology designed by Union Bancaire Privée. The Investment Manager may delegate some parts of the investment analysis and due diligence process to affiliated companies within the UBP group.

5 THE DEPOSITARY

BNP Paribas Securities Services Luxembourg, Luxembourg Branch, 60, avenue J.F. Kennedy, L-1855 Luxembourg, Grand-Duchy of Luxembourg has been appointed as Depositary of all the assets, including the securities and cash of the Fund which will be held either directly or through correspondents, nominees, agents or delegates of the Depositary.

The Depositary has been entrusted with the following three main duties:

- monitoring of the Fund's cash;
- safe-keeping of the Fund's assets;
- oversight of certain transactions and operation related to the Fund.

The main duties referred to in the foregoing paragraph, as well as any additional duties which the Depositary has been entrusted with, are more fully described in the depositary agreement, a copy of which is available at the registered office of the AIFM, and in the AIFM Rules.

The Depositary has not delegated any of its safe-keeping functions to a third party service provider or correspondent.

The Depositary has not contractually discharged its liability to any of the delegates referred to in the foregoing paragraph. Information on any changes with respect to depositary liability is available at the registered office of the AIFM.

6 THE DOMICILIARY AGENT

The Fund has appointed UBP Asset Management (Europe) S.A. as its Domiciliary Agent.

7 THE ADMINISTRATIVE, REGISTRAR- AND TRANSFER AGENT

Under the terms of the administrative agency, registrar and transfer agency, and paying agency agreement, the Fund has appointed CACEIS Bank Luxembourg Branch, to act as administrative, corporate and paying agent as well as registrar and transfer agent. As such, CACEIS Bank Luxembourg Branch is responsible for performing the general administrative functions required by Luxembourg law, processing the issue and redemption of Shares, calculating the Net Asset Value of the Classes and the Net Asset Value per Share and for maintaining the accounting records of the Fund.

CACEIS Bank Luxembourg is a bank incorporated as a société anonyme under the laws of Luxembourg. Its registered office is situated at 5, allée Scheffer, L-2520 Luxembourg. With effect as of 31st December 2016, CACEIS Bank Luxembourg was through a cross-border merger by way of absorption by CACEIS Bank France, a public limited liability company (*société anonyme*) incorporated under the laws of France with a share capital of 440,000,000 Euros, having its registered office located at 1-3, place Valhubert, 75013 Paris, France, identified under number 692 024 722 RCS Paris, turned into the Luxembourg branch of CACEIS Bank France and was named CACEIS Bank Luxembourg Branch. CACEIS Bank Luxembourg Branch is empowered to delegate, under its full responsibility, all or part of its duties as central administration agent to a third Luxembourg entity, with the prior consent of the Board of Directors.

8 THE AUDITOR

Deloitte Audit Sàrl has been appointed as Auditor of the Fund. The Fund has instructed the Auditor as follows:

- i) to perform an annual audit of the Fund;
- ii) to determine whether the Board of Directors, the AIFM, the Investment Manager, the Depositary and the Administrative Agent have observed the provisions of this Prospectus as well as those of all applicable laws and regulations;

The Auditor must carry out the duties provided by the Law of 2010 and the AIFM Law. In this context, the main mission of the Auditor is to audit the accounting information given in the annual report.

The Auditor is also subject to certain reporting duties vis-à-vis the regulators as more fully described in the AIFM Rules.

9 SHAREHOLDER'S RIGHTS AGAINST THE FUND'S SERVICE PROVIDERS

It should be noted that Shareholders will only be able to exercise their rights directly against the Fund and will not have any direct contractual rights against the service providers of the Fund appointed from time to time. The foregoing is without prejudice to other rights which Investors may have under ordinary rules of law or pursuant to certain specific piece of legislation (such as a right of access to personal data).

IX. THE SHARES

The shares issued by the Fund are issued in registered form. They are freely transferable and entitled to participate equally in the profits and liquidation proceeds attributable to each Sub-Fund concerned. The

shares, which are of no par value and which must be fully paid upon issue, carry no preferential or preemptive rights and each share is entitled to one vote at all meetings of shareholders.

Different Classes of shares may be issued within each Sub-Fund as set out in the relevant Annex.

The Fund may restrict or prevent the ownership of shares by any person, firm or corporation, if such holding results in a breach of applicable laws and regulations, whether Luxembourg or foreign, or if it may be detrimental to the Fund. More specifically, the Fund may restrict the ownership of shares by any person who is precluded from holding shares either alone or in conjunction with any other person is a beneficial owner of shares, the Fund may compulsorily purchase or redeem all the shares so owned.

X. DISTRIBUTIONS

Unless otherwise stated in a Sub-Fund's Annex, it is not the intention of the Fund to make distributions of net income or capital gains by way of dividends or distributions.

XI. ISSUE, REDEMPTION AND CONVERSION OF SHARES

A. ISSUE OF SHARES

Shares in the Fund are issued in registered form. Registered shareholders will receive a confirmation of their shareholding. Fractions of shares may be issued up to four decimal places.

The Fund may impose a minimum subscription and minimum holding requirement for each registered shareholder in the different Sub-Funds and/or the different Classes of shares within each Sub-Fund as set out in the relevant Annex. This amount shall be determined by reference to the Subscription Price paid in respect of the shares held.

The Fund shall not give effect to any transfer of shares in its register as a consequence of which an Investor would not meet the minimum holding requirement referred to in the relevant Annex.

The Fund will require from each registered shareholder acting on behalf of other Investors that any assignment of rights to the shares of the Fund be made in compliance with applicable securities laws in the jurisdictions where such assignment is made and that in unregulated jurisdictions such assignment be made in compliance with the minimum holding requirement.

The issue price of new shares shall be based on the prevailing Net Asset Value of the shares of the relevant Class (the "Subscription Price").

The Board of Directors of the Fund may decide to issue Shares against contribution in kind in accordance with Luxembourg law. The assets contributed must be valued in a report issued by the Fund's auditor, to the extent required by Luxembourg law. Any costs incurred in connection with a contribution in kind shall be borne by the relevant shareholder.

A Subscription Charge not exceeding 3.00% of the Subscription Price may be added to compensate selected financial intermediaries and other persons who assist in the placement of shares (see relevant Annex).

The Board of Directors of the Fund has adopted a policy of controlling the growth of each Sub-Fund and may therefore from time to time restrict or suspend the offering of new shares of any Sub-Fund. This policy would be without effect on the redemptions of the shares.

The Fund reserves the right to reject in whole or in part any subscription application. In addition, the Board of Directors reserves the right to suspend the issue and sale of shares at any time and without notice.

No shares of any Sub-Fund and/or Class will be issued by the Fund during any period when the calculation of the Net Asset Value per share of such Sub-Fund and/or Class is suspended (see "*Valuation of Shares*" below).

For applications for shares of any Sub-Fund, see the specific terms and conditions in the relevant Annex applicable to each of them.

B. REDEMPTION OF SHARES

The shareholders shall have the right, on such dates as determined in the relevant Annex for each Sub-Fund, to present their shares for redemption to the Fund. If, as a result of a redemption request, the value of any holding decreases below the minimum holding set out in the relevant Annex, the Board of Directors may decide to treat such request as a request for the redemption of the entire holding.

A shareholder may not withdraw his request for redemption except in the event of a suspension of the valuation of the assets of the Fund in the circumstances described below, under "*Valuation of Shares*". The Fund may suspend the Investors' right to require the Fund to redeem their shares during any period when the determination of the Net Asset Value of the shares of the Sub-Fund and/or Class is suspended as provided under "*Valuation of Shares*" below.

In the event of a suspension of redemptions, a withdrawal of redemption requests will be effective only if written notification is received by the Administrative Agent before the termination of the period of suspension. If the request is not so withdrawn the redemption will be made on the Valuation Day (as defined for each Sub-Fund) next following the end of the suspension.

The Redemption Price is based on the Net Asset Value per share.

If redemption requests for more than 10% of the Net Asset Value of a Sub-Fund are received, then the Fund shall have the right to limit redemptions so that they do not exceed this threshold amount of 10%. Redemptions shall be limited with respect to all shareholders seeking to redeem shares as of this same day so that each such shareholder shall have the same percentage of its redemption request honoured; the balance of such redemption requests shall be processed by the Fund on the next day on which redemption requests are accepted, subject to the same limitation. On such day, such requests for redemption will be complied with in priority to subsequent requests.

C. CONVERSION OF SHARES

As a general rule, the conversion of shares of one Sub-Fund into shares of any other Sub-Fund is possible subject to the redemption conditions that apply to shares of the initial Sub-Fund and to the subscription conditions that apply to the shares of the target Sub-Fund.

Unless otherwise provided in the relevant Annex, the shareholders shall have the right, on such dates as determined in the relevant Annex for each Sub-Fund, to present all or part of their shares for conversion in one Class into shares of another Class of the same Sub-Fund as set out in the relevant Annex. However, this right to convert shares of one Class into shares of another Class of the same Sub-Fund is subject to compliance with any conditions (including any minimum subscription and holding amounts) applicable to the Class into which the conversion is to be effected. In addition, if, as a result of a conversion request, the value of any holding in any Class decreases below the minimum holding amount set out in the relevant Annex for that Class, the Board of Directors of the Fund may decide to treat such request as a request for a conversion of the entire holding.

The Fund may suspend the Investors' right to require the Fund to convert their shares of one Class into shares of another Class of the same Sub-Fund during any period when the determination of the Net Asset Value of the shares of the relevant Sub-Fund is suspended as provided under "*Valuation of Shares*" below.

The conversion will be made at the respective Net Asset Values per share of the Classes concerned determined as of the applicable Valuation Date in accordance with the following formula:

$$N = \frac{E \times R}{S}$$

Where:

N is the number of new shares of the relevant Class to be allotted

E is the number of existing shares of the Class to be converted

R is the Net Asset Value per share of the existing shares to be converted

S is the Net Asset Value per share of the new shares of the Class to be allotted

To the extent the Net Asset Value of the shares to be converted is determined in another currency than the Net Asset Value of the shares to be allotted, the Net Asset Value of the shares of the Class out of which the conversion is requested shall be converted into the reference currency of the Class into which the conversion is requested. The foreign exchange rate used to implement the conversion will be the one prevailing in the foreign exchange market.

If certificates were issued for the shares to be converted, new certificate(s) shall only be issued at the Shareholder's request and upon receipt by the Fund's Registrar and Transfer Agent of such former certificates.

A shareholder may not withdraw his request for conversion except in the event of a suspension of the valuation of the assets of the Fund in the circumstances described below, under "*Valuation of Shares*".

In the event of a suspension of the valuation, a withdrawal of conversion requests will be effective only if written notification is received by the Administrative Agent before the termination of the period of suspension. If the request is not so withdrawn the conversion will be made on the basis of the Net Asset Value per share of the Classes concerned calculated on the Valuation Day (as defined for each Sub-Fund) following the end of the suspension.

XII. VALUATION OF THE SHARES

The Net Asset Value of the shares of each Class of each Sub-Fund is determined in its base currency as specified in the relevant Annex. It shall be determined as of each Valuation Day (as defined for each Sub-Fund), normally within 10 Business Days after such Valuation Day (unless stated otherwise in the relevant Annex for a Sub-Fund) by dividing the net assets attributable to each Class of each Sub-Fund by the number of shares of such Class of a Sub-Fund then outstanding. The net assets of each Class of each Sub-Fund are made up of the value of the assets attributable to such Class within each Sub-Fund less the total liabilities attributable to such Class calculated at such time as the Board of Directors shall have set for such purpose.

The latest Net Asset Values and/or market prices of the Fund and/or the Shares, as the case may be, are available at the registered office of the AIFM.

The assets and liabilities of the Fund shall be allocated in such a manner so that the issue price received upon issue of shares connected with a specific Class of a Sub-Fund shall be attributed to that Class. All assets and liabilities of the Class as well as income and expenses which are related to a specific Class shall be attributed to that Class. Assets or liabilities which cannot be attributed to any Sub-Fund or Class shall be allocated to all the Sub-Funds and/or Classes pro rata to the respective Net Asset Value of the Sub-Funds or Classes. The proportion of the total net assets attributable to each Class shall be reduced as applicable by the amount of any distribution to shareholders and by any expenses paid.

In determining the value of the assets of the Fund shares or units in open-ended underlying UCIs will be valued at the actual net asset value for such shares or units as of the relevant Valuation Day, or if no such actual net asset value is available they shall be valued at the estimated net asset value as of such Valuation Day, or if no such estimated net asset value is available they shall be valued at the last available actual or estimated net asset value which is calculated prior to such Valuation Day whichever is the closest to such Valuation Day, provided that if events have occurred which may have resulted in a material change in the net asset value of such shares or units since the date on which such actual or estimated net asset value was calculated, the value of such shares or units may be adjusted in order to reflect, in the reasonable opinion of the Directors, such change.

In respect of shares or units held by the Fund, for which issues and redemptions are restricted and a secondary market trading is effected between dealers who, as main market makers, offer prices in response to market conditions, the Directors may decide to value such shares or units in line with the prices so established.

If events have occurred which may have resulted in a material change of the net asset value of such shares or units in other UCIs since the day on which the latest net asset value was calculated, the value of such shares or units may be adjusted in order to reflect, in the reasonable opinion of the Directors, such change of value.

Securities held by the Fund (including shares or units in closed-end UCIs) which are quoted or dealt in on a stock exchange will be valued at its latest available stock exchange closing price made public and where appropriate the middle market price on the stock exchange which is normally the principal market for such

security and each security dealt in on any other organised market will be valued in a manner as near as possible to that for quoted securities.

The value of a security not denominated in the relevant Sub-Fund's base currency is determined in its national currency and converted into the relevant Sub-Fund's base currency at the foreign exchange rate in effect at 9:00 a.m. CET (Central European Time) as of the relevant Valuation Day (as defined for each Sub-Fund).

The value of securities not quoted or dealt in on a stock exchange or another organised market and of securities which are so quoted or dealt in but in respect of which no price quotation is available or the price quoted is not representative of the securities' fair market value, shall be determined prudently and in good faith on the basis of their reasonably foreseeable sale prices. All other assets will be valued at their respective fair values as determined in good faith by the Directors in accordance with generally accepted valuation principles and procedures.

Derivative financial instruments listed on a stock exchange or traded on a regulated market will be valued at their closing price on the Business Day preceding the Valuation Day on the stock exchanges or regulated markets in this way.

The value of any derivative financial instruments that are not listed on a stock exchange or traded on another regulated market will be determined each day on a reliable basis and verified by a competent professional appointed by the Fund in line with market practices.

Money market instruments and cash will be valued at face value to which shall be added interest accrued.

The Directors may suspend the determination of the Net Asset Value of the Fund's and/or its Sub-Funds shares and the issue and redemption of its shares during:

- i) any period when any of the principal markets or stock exchanges on which a substantial portion of the investments of the Fund from time to time are quoted is closed otherwise than for ordinary holidays, or during which dealings therein are restricted or suspended;
- ii) any period when the net asset value of one or more UCIs, in which the Fund will have invested and the units or the shares of which constitute a significant part of the assets of the Fund, cannot be determined accurately so as to reflect their fair market value as at the Valuation Day (as defined for each Sub-Fund);
- iii) the existence of any state of affairs which constitutes an emergency as a result of which disposal or valuation of assets owned by the Fund would be impracticable;
- iv) any breakdown in the means of communication or computation normally employed in determining the prices or values of any of the investments or the current prices or values on any market or stock exchange; or
- v) any period when the Fund is unable to repatriate funds for the purpose of making payments on the redemption of shares or during which any transfer of funds involved in the realisation or acquisition of investments or payments due on redemption of shares cannot in the opinion of the Directors be effected at normal rates of exchange.

Additional information in relation to the Fund's valuation procedure and of the pricing methodology for valuing the Fund's assets, [including as the case may be the methods used in valuing hard-to-value assets and the appointment of external valuers in accordance with Article 17 of the AIFM Law, is available at the registered office of the AIFM.

The issue, redemption and conversion of shares in the Sub-Fund(s) concerned will also be suspended during any such period where the Net Asset Value is not determined.

Any such suspension shall be published in "Luxemburger Wort" if in the opinion of the Board of Directors of the Fund it is likely to exceed 10 days and shall be notified to Investors requesting issue, redemption or conversion of shares by the Fund at the time of the filing of the relevant application.

XIII. FEES AND EXPENSES

The AIFM is entitled to receive, out of the assets of the Fund a Service Fee. The Service Fee includes the fee for the Depositary Bank, the Domiciliary Agent and the Administrative, Registrar and Transfer Agent who will be paid by the AIFM out of this Service Fee.

The AIFM will receive a management fee for its services as AIFM of the Fund as specified for each Sub-Fund and/or Class within each Sub-Fund in the relevant Annex and will pay the Investment Manager out of this management fee.

It is to be noted that in addition to a management fee, the Investment Manager is also entitled to receive from the Fund performance fees at the rates and in accordance with the terms and conditions specified for each Sub-Fund and/or Class within each Sub-Fund in the relevant Annex. These performance fees shall all be subject to the high water mark principle. Pursuant to this principle the Investment Manager shall only be entitled to receive a performance fee if, in case the relevant Sub-Fund or Class has incurred losses, such losses have been fully recouped and if the Net Asset Value of the relevant Sub-Fund or Class has reached a new all-time high and has exceeded the Hurdle-Rate.

The Fund bears all costs and expenses directly incurred in the operations including the following:

- i) all operational costs, including fees payable to accountants, any paying agent and permanent representatives in places of registration;
- ii) all costs and expenses associated with other agents employed by the Fund, including fees for legal, auditing services, structuring and other professional advisory fees, third party expenses incurred in connection with any of the Fund's investment activities (e.g. research, risk monitoring and due diligence services), promotional, printing, reporting and publishing expenses, including the cost of advertising or preparing and printing of prospectuses, explanatory memoranda or registration statements, taxes or governmental charges;
- iii) all costs for the listing of the shares of the Fund on any stock exchange or regulated market and all other operating expenses, including the cost of buying and selling assets, interest, bank charges and brokerage, postage, telephone and fax;

All expenses are accrued in the price of the shares.

The Board Members shall be entitled to receive a maximum annual fee, which in the aggregate shall not exceed USD 50,000.-.

It should be noted that the investment policy of the Fund is to invest in UCIs and will result in a duplication of certain costs that will be charged both to the underlying UCIs by their service providers, as well as to the Fund

by its service providers. Such costs will include, but are not limited to depositary, administration, domiciliary, management fees, audit expenses and other associated costs.

If the Fund acquires units or shares of other UCIs that are managed by Union Bancaire Privée or any of its affiliates the Fund may not be charged any issuing or redemption commission of the associate target UCIs except where such commission are retained by the related UCI. Moreover, there will be no duplication of the management fees in consideration with investments in such associate target UCIs.

Costs and expenses which cannot be allotted to one specific Sub-Fund or Class will be charged to the different Sub-Funds or Classes proportionally to their respective net assets.

The maximum amount of fees, charges and expenses to be borne directly or indirectly by Investors for each class of shares is available at the registered office of the AIFM.

The amounts charged are shown in the Fund's financial reports.

XIV. TAXATION

A. THE FUND

Under current law and practice the Fund is not liable to any Luxembourg income tax, nor are dividends paid by the Fund liable to any Luxembourg or European withholding tax, at the Fund's level. However, the Fund is normally liable in Luxembourg to a tax of 0.05 % per annum of its net assets. Such tax rate is reduced to a rate of 0.01% in respect of the net assets attributable to such Classes of shares which are reserved for institutional investors within the meaning of, and as provided for in, article 174 (2) of the Luxembourg law of 17th December 2010 regarding collective investment undertakings as amended. Such tax is payable quarterly and calculated on the Net Asset Value of the relevant Class at the end of the relevant quarter. For the portion of the assets of the Fund invested in other UCIs which are established in Luxembourg, no such tax is payable. No stamp duty or other tax is payable in Luxembourg on the issue of shares in the Fund.

Under current law and practice, it is anticipated that no capital gains tax is payable on the realised or unrealised capital appreciation of the assets of the Fund.

Dividends and interest on securities issued in other countries may be subject to withholding taxes imposed by such countries.

B. SHAREHOLDERS

Subject to the European tax considerations set forth hereafter, under current legislation shareholders are not subject to any capital gains, income, withholding, estate, inheritance or other taxes in Luxembourg (except for (i) those domiciled, resident or having a permanent establishment in Luxembourg or (ii) non-residents of Luxembourg who hold more than 10% of the share capital of the Fund and who dispose of all or part of their holdings within 6 months from the date of acquisition or (iii) in some limited cases, some former residents of Luxembourg, who hold more than 10 % of the share capital of the Fund and who realise their shares within five years from their departure from Luxembourg).

C. EUROPEAN TAX CONSIDERATIONS

The Council of the European Union has adopted on 3 June 2003 a Council Directive 2003/48/EC on the taxation of savings income in the form of interest payments (the "Savings Directive"). Under the Savings Directive, European Union Member States are required to provide the tax authorities of another Member State with information on payments of interest or other similar income (within the meaning of the Savings Directive) paid by a paying agent (within the meaning of the Savings Directive) to an individual beneficial owner who is a resident, or to certain limited types of entities called residual entities established, in that other Member State. For a transitional period, Austria and Luxembourg (unless during such period they elect otherwise) are instead permitted to apply a withholding tax system in relation to such payments. The rate of the withholding tax is 35%.

The Savings Directive and certain agreements concluded with certain dependant and associated territories ("Territories") have been implemented in Luxembourg by the laws dated 21 June 2005 (the "EUSD Laws"). Under the EUSD Laws, interest payments made or ascribed by a paying agent established in Luxembourg to or for the immediate benefit of an individual beneficial owner or a residual entity, as defined by the EUSD Laws, which are resident of, or established in, an EU Member State (other than Luxembourg) or one of the Territories will be subject to a withholding tax rate of 35%. Responsibility for the withholding tax will be assumed by the Luxembourg paying agent.

No withholding tax will be levied by the Luxembourg paying agent if the relevant individual beneficial owner (i) either has expressly authorised the paying agent to report information to the tax authorities in accordance with the provisions of the EUSD Laws, or (ii) has provided the paying agent with a certificate drawn up in the format required by the competent authorities of his State of residence for tax purposes.

Pursuant to current legislation, dividends paid by the Company, as well as payments upon redemption, sale or refund of Shares in the Company, are not treated as interest within the meaning of the Savings Directive.

The Luxembourg government has announced that it will elect out of the withholding system in favour of the automatic exchange of information with effect as from 1 January 2015.

On 24 March 2014 the Council of the European Union adopted Council Directive 2014/48/EU amending the Savings Directive. Member States have to adopt and publish by 1 January 2016, the laws, regulations and administrative provisions necessary to comply with this directive. Council Directive 2014/48/EU enlarges inter alia the scope of the Savings Directive by extending the definition of interest payments and will cover income distributed by or income realised upon the sale, refund or redemption of shares or units in undertakings for collective investment or other collective investment funds or schemes, that either are registered as such in accordance with the law of any of the Member States or of the countries of the European Economic Area which do not belong to the European Union, or have fund rules or instruments of incorporation governed by the law relating to collective investment funds or schemes of one of these States or countries, irrespective of the legal form of such undertakings, funds or schemes and irrespective of any restriction to a limited group of investors, in case such undertakings, funds or schemes invest, directly or indirectly, a certain percentage of their assets in debt claims as defined under the amended Savings Directive.

Investors should consult their professional advisors on the possible tax and other consequences with respect to the implementation of the Council Directive 2014/48/EU amending the Savings Directive.

D. FATCA

The Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act ("FATCA"), a portion of the 2010 Hiring Incentives to Restore Employment Act, became law in the United States in 2010. It requires financial institutions outside the US ("foreign financial institutions" or "FFIs") to pass information about "Financial Accounts" held by "Specified US Persons", directly or indirectly, to the US tax authorities, the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") on an annual basis. A 30% withholding tax is imposed on certain US source income of any FFI that fails to comply with this requirement. On 28 March 2014, the Grand-Duchy of Luxembourg entered into a Model 1 Intergovernmental Agreement ("IGA") with the United States of America and a memorandum of understanding in respect thereof. The Fund would hence have to comply with such Luxembourg IGA, once the IGA has been implemented into Luxembourg law in order to comply with the provisions of FATCA rather than directly complying with the US Treasury Regulations implementing FATCA. Under the IGA, the Fund may be required to collect information aiming to identify its direct and indirect shareholders that are Specified US Persons for FATCA purposes ("reportable accounts"). Any such information on reportable accounts provided to the Fund will be shared with the Luxembourg tax authorities which will exchange that information on an automatic basis with the Government of the United States of America pursuant to Article 28 of the convention between the Government of the United States of America and the Government of the Grand-Duchy of Luxembourg for the Avoidance of Double Taxation and the Prevention of Fiscal Evasion with respect to Taxes in Income and Capital, entered into in Luxembourg on 3 April 1996. The Fund intends to comply with the provisions of the Luxembourg IGA to be deemed compliant with FATCA and will thus not be subject to the 30% withholding tax with respect to its share of any such payments attributable to actual and deemed U.S. investments of the Fund. In accordance with the Luxembourg IGA, the Fund has appointed the AIFM as Sponsoring Entity and will operate under the latter's GIIN until further notice. The Fund therefore qualifies as Non-Reporting Luxembourg Financial Institution and shall be treated as deemed-compliant FFI for purposes of section 1471 of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code.

To ensure the Fund's compliance with FATCA and the Luxembourg IGA in accordance with the foregoing, the AIFM, in its capacity as the Fund's AIFM, may:

- a. request information or documentation, including W-8 tax forms, a Global Intermediary Identification Number, if applicable, or any other valid evidence of a shareholder's FATCA registration with the IRS or a corresponding exemption, in order to ascertain such shareholder's FATCA status;
- b. report information concerning a shareholder and his account holding in the Fund to the Luxembourg tax authorities if such account is deemed a US reportable account under the Luxembourg IGA; and
- c. deduct applicable US withholding taxes from certain payments made to a shareholder by or on behalf of the Fund in accordance with FATCA and the Luxembourg IGA .

XV. LIQUIDATION OF THE FUND

The Fund is incorporated for an indefinite duration. It may be dissolved by decision of an extraordinary general meeting of shareholders of the Fund. Such meetings must be convened if the value of the net assets of the Fund falls below the respective levels of two thirds or one quarter of the minimum capital prescribed by Luxembourg law. At such meetings convened in such circumstances, decisions to dissolve the Fund will be taken in accordance with the requirements of article 30 of the law of 17th December 2010 on collective investment undertakings (as amended).

If the Fund should be liquidated, its liquidation will be carried out in accordance with the provisions of the Luxembourg law of 17th December 2010 relating to collective investment undertakings (as amended) which specifies the steps to be taken to enable shareholders to participate in the liquidation distribution(s) and in this connection provides for deposit in escrow at the Caisse de Consignations of any amounts which have not been claimed by shareholders at the close of liquidation. Amounts not claimed from escrow within the prescription period shall be forfeited in accordance with the provisions of Luxembourg law.

XVI. DISSOLUTION AND AMALGAMATION OF SUB-FUNDS AND/OR CLASSES OF SHARES

A Sub-Fund or Class may be dissolved by compulsory redemption of shares of the Sub-Fund or Class concerned, upon

- a) a decision of the Board of Directors of the Fund if (i) the net assets of the Sub-Fund or Class concerned have decreased below USD 10 million or the equivalent in another currency, or (ii) the economical and/or political environment have changed, or (iii) for any economic and/or financial reasons for which the board of directors considers that it is in the interest of the shareholders to liquidate the class or sub-class.
- b) the decision of a meeting of holders of shares of the relevant Sub-Fund or Class. There shall be no quorum requirement and decisions may be taken by a simple majority of the shares of the Sub-Fund or Class concerned.

In such event the shareholders concerned will be advised and the Net Asset Value of the shares of the relevant Sub-Fund or Class shall be paid on the date of the compulsory redemption. The relevant meeting may also decide that assets attributable to the Sub-Fund or Class concerned will be distributed on a pro-rata basis to the holders of shares of the relevant Sub-Fund or Class which have expressed the wish to receive such assets in kind.

The board of directors, subject to the conditions mentioned under a) (i)-(iii) above, or a meeting of holders of shares of a Sub-Fund or Class may decide to amalgamate such Sub-Fund or Class with another existing Sub-Fund or Class or to contribute the assets (and liabilities) of the Sub-Fund or Class to another undertaking for collective investment against issue of shares of such undertaking for collective investments to be distributed to the holders of shares of such Sub-Fund or Class. The decision shall be published upon the initiative of the Fund. The publication shall contain information about the new Sub-Fund or Class or the relevant undertaking for collective investments and shall be made a month prior to the amalgamation in order to provide a possibility for the holders of such shares to redeem, without payment of any redemption fee, prior to the implementation of the transaction. For Class meetings which decide on the amalgamation of different Sub-Funds within the Fund or of different Classes within one or more Sub-Funds, or the contribution of assets and liabilities of a Sub-Fund or Class to another undertaking for collective investment, there shall be no quorum requirement and decisions may be taken by a simple majority of the shares of the Sub-Funds or the Class concerned. In case of an amalgamation with an unincorporated mutual fund (*fonds commun de placement*) or a foreign collective investment undertaking, decisions of the Class meeting of the Sub-Fund or Class concerned shall be binding only for holders of shares that have voted in favour of such amalgamation.

If following a compulsory redemption of all shares of one or more Sub-Funds or Classes payment of the redemption proceeds cannot be made to a former shareholder during a period of six months, then the amount in question shall be deposited with the Caisse de Consignations for the benefit of the person(s) entitled thereto until the expiry of the period of limitation.

XVII. MEETINGS AND REPORTS

The annual general meeting of shareholders of the Fund will be held at the registered office of the Fund in Luxembourg on the last Thursday of April in each year at 3:00 p.m. Luxembourg time or if any such day is not a bank business day in Luxembourg on the next following bank business day. Notices of all general meetings will be published on the *Recueil Electronique des Sociétés et Associations* ("RESA") to the extent required by Luxembourg law and in such newspapers as the Board of Directors shall determine and will be sent to the shareholders by post at least eight days prior to the meeting at their addresses in the register of shareholders. Shareholders having specifically agreed thereto may be convened by email. Such notices will include the agenda and specify the time and place of the meeting, the conditions of admission and will refer to the requirements of Luxembourg law with regard to the necessary quorum and majorities required for the meeting. The requirements as to attendance, quorum and majorities at all general meetings will be those laid down in Articles 67, 67-1 and 68 of the Law of 10th August 1915 on commercial companies (as amended) of the Grand-Duchy of Luxembourg and in the Articles. The same provisions shall apply to the Sub-Fund and/or Class meetings.

Matters regarding the Sub-Funds or Classes, such as the vote on the payment of a dividend on a particular Sub-Fund or Class, may be decided by a vote of the meeting of shareholders of the Sub-Fund or Class concerned.

Any change in the Articles affecting the rights of shareholders of a Sub-Fund or Class must be approved by a resolution of both the general meeting of the Fund and the shareholders of the Sub-Fund or Class concerned.

Audited annual reports and unaudited semi-annual reports will be made available at the registered office of the Fund. The accounting year of the Fund terminates on 31st December in each year. The base currency of the Fund is the USD. The aforesaid reports will comprise consolidated financial statements of the Fund expressed in USD as well as financial information on each Sub-Fund expressed in the base currency of each Sub-Fund as indicated in the relevant Annexes.

XVIII. GENERAL INFORMATION

A. Procedures for amending the Prospectus

Should any amendments of the Prospectus entail an amendment of the Articles or require the decision to be made by the general meeting of Shareholders of the Fund or of one or several Sub-Funds, such decision shall be passed by a resolution of an extraordinary general meeting of Shareholders in accordance with the form, quorum and majority requirements set forth in the Articles and in compliance with Luxembourg laws and regulations.

The Board of Director is also authorised to amend any other provision of the Prospectus, provided such changes are not material to the structure and/or operations of the Fund and its Sub-Funds and are beneficial or at least not detrimental to the interests of the Shareholders of the Fund, any Sub-Fund or any Class, as the case may be, as determined by the Board of Directors at its sole but reasonable discretion and subject to the prior approval of the CSSF. In such case, the Prospectus will be amended and the Shareholders will be informed thereof, for their information purposes only. For the avoidance of doubt, Shareholders will not be offered the right to request the cost-free redemption of their Shares prior to such changes becoming effective. As a matter of example, this Prospectus may notably be amended by the Board of Directors without the consent of the Shareholders if such amendment is intended:

- (a) to change the name of the Fund and/or the name of the Sub-Fund;
- (b) to acknowledge any change of the depositary, domiciliary, administrative agent, registrar and transfer agent, the auditor or of the composition of the board of directors of the Fund;
- (c) to implement any amendment of the law and/or regulations applicable to the Fund and its respective affiliates;
- (d) as the Board of Directors determines in good faith to be advisable in connection with legal, tax, regulatory, accounting or other similar issues affecting one or more of the Shareholders, so long as such amendment does not materially and adversely affect the Shareholders, as determined by the Board of Directors in its sole discretion;
- (e) to correct any printing, typing or secretarial error and any omissions, provided that such amendment not adversely and significantly affect the interests of the Shareholders or update any factual information;
- (f) to make any other change which is for the benefit of, or not materially adverse to the interests of the Shareholders of the Fund; and
- (g) to reflect the creation of additional sub-funds and/or share classes within the Fund.

The Board of Directors is authorised to make other amendments to the provisions of the Prospectus (such as the change of the fee structure of the Fund or the Sub-Fund), subject to the approval of the CSSF, provided that such changes shall only become effective and the Prospectus amended accordingly, in compliance with the SIF Law to the extent the procedures set forth below have been complied with (unless otherwise provided for in the relevant Sub-Fund Particulars):

- (i) in an open-ended Sub-Fund, provided that there is sufficient liquidity, all Shareholders have been offered a cost-free redemption of their Shares within a one (1) month period from the sending of such notice to all Shareholders or Shareholders of the relevant Sub-Fund or Class in cases where such amendments are only applicable to Sub-Fund or Class. Such changes shall become effective only after the expiry of this one-month period; or
- (ii) in a closed-ended Sub-Fund or in the event that the cost-free redemption is not possible because the assets of the Sub-Fund are illiquid, the Shareholders shall not have a right to request cost-free redemption of their Shares and the Board of Directors shall seek a prior approval of such amendments by a decision of the general meeting of Shareholders passed with (1) at least three quarters (3/4) of the votes attached to all Shares issued by the Fund (or where applicable, in the relevant Sub-Fund or Class) and validly cast by those present or represented at the meeting; and (2) a presence quorum requirement of at least three quarters (3/4) of the capital of the Fund (or where applicable, of the relevant Sub-Fund or Class).

If the laws and regulations applicable to the Fund or having an impact on the Fund's operation change (either at Luxembourg level or European level and such changes require compulsory amendment to the structure of the Fund or its operations, then the Board of Directors shall be authorized to amend any provision of this Prospectus, subject to the prior approval of the CSSF. In such case, and provided that such compulsory amendment to the structure or the operations of the Fund does not require the involvement of the general meeting of Shareholders of the Fund or the Sub-Fund, then the Prospectus will be updated and the Shareholders will be informed thereof, for their information purposes only without any other involvement in the decision making process prior to the effectiveness of the above mentioned amendment. For the avoidance of doubt, in this case, the Shareholders will not be offered the right to request the cost-free redemption of their Shares prior to the changes becoming effective.

B. Liquidity risk management

The Fund benefits from a liquidity risk management system. In this context, procedures have been put in place to enable a monitoring of the liquidity risks of the Fund and to ensure that the liquidity profile of the Fund's investment portfolio is such that the Fund can normally meet its Share redemption obligations. Procedures have also been adopted to address redemption rights in exceptional circumstances, including so-called special arrangements, which procedures are described in the Articles and this Prospectus. Additional information in this respect is also made available at the registered office of the AIFM

Investors are further informed that the percentage of the assets of the Fund which are subject to special arrangements arising from their illiquid nature, any new arrangements for managing the liquidity of the Fund, as well as the current risk profile of the Fund and the risk management systems employed to manage those risks are or will be disclosed at the registered office of the AIFM . The frequency or timing of such disclosure is available at the registered office of the AIFM.

C. Fair and preferential treatment

Shareholders are being given a fair treatment by ensuring that they are treated in accordance with the applicable requirements of the AIFM Law (and notably in adequately implementing the inducement and conflict of interest policies).

Notwithstanding the foregoing paragraph, it cannot be excluded that a Shareholder be given a Preferential Treatment in the meaning of, and to the widest extent allowed by, the Articles. Whenever a Shareholder obtains preferential treatment or the right to obtain preferential treatment, a description of that preferential treatment, the type of Shareholders who obtained such preferential treatment and, where relevant, their legal or economic links with the Fund or the AIFM will be made available at the registered office of the AIFM within the limits required by the AIFM Law.

D. Historical performances

If any Fund's historical performance is required to be produced by the AIFM or the Fund it will be made available at the registered office of the AIFM.

E. Execution policy

Appropriate information on the execution policy referred to in Article 28 of the AIFM Regulation (headed "Placing orders to deal on behalf of AIFs with other entities for execution") and on any material changes to that policy is available at the registered office of the AIFM.

F. Voting strategies

A summary description of the AIFM's voting strategies and details of the actions taken on the basis of these strategies will be made available to the Investors on their request at the registered office of the AIFM.

G. Inducements

According to the AIFM Rules, when the AIFM, in relation to the activities performed when carrying out its functions, either (i) pays a fee or commission or provides a non-monetary benefit to a third party (or a person acting on behalf of a third party) or (ii) is paid a fee or commission or is provided with a non-monetary benefit by

a third party (or a person acting on behalf of a third party), the AIFM must demonstrate that (a) the existence, nature and amount of the fee, commission or benefit, or, where the amount cannot be ascertained, the method of calculating that amount, is clearly disclosed to the Investors in the Fund in a manner that is comprehensive, accurate and understandable, prior to the provision of the relevant service, and (b) the payment of the fee or commission, or the provision of the non-monetary benefit are designed to enhance the quality of the relevant service and not impair compliance with the AIFM's duty to act in the best interests of the Fund or its Investors.

Investors are hereby informed that, in case any of the arrangements referred to in the foregoing paragraph takes place, the essential terms of the arrangements relating to the fee, commission or non-monetary benefit in summary form will be made available at the registered office of the AIFM, and that the AIFM commits to disclose further details at the request of the Investors.

H. Investment in securitisation positions

To the extent provided by the AIFM Rules, when the Fund invests in securities positions in the meaning of the AIFM Rules, information on the Fund's exposures to the credit risk of securitisation and the applicable risk management procedures in this area will be made available at the registered office of the AIFM.

I. Remuneration

The full remuneration policy of the AIFM is also made available to the Investors on their request at the registered office of the AIFM.

XIX. MATERIAL DOCUMENTS

The following contracts, not being contracts entered into in the ordinary course of business, have been entered into and are or may be material:

1. The Agreement between the Fund and the AIFM pursuant which the latter was appointed alternative investment manager of the Fund. The Agreement may be terminated by either party upon three months' written notice.
2. The Agreement between the AIFM and the Investment Manager pursuant to which the latter was appointed investment manager of the Fund. The Agreement may be terminated by either party upon three months' written notice.
3. The Agreement between the Fund and BNP Paribas Securities Services Luxembourg Branch pursuant to which the latter was appointed depository of the assets of the Fund. This Agreement may be terminated by either party by giving not less than ninety (90) days written notice to the other.
4. The Agreement between the Fund and UBP Asset Management (Europe) S.A. pursuant to which the latter was appointed domiciliary agent. This Agreement may be terminated by either party by giving not less than three months' written notice to the other.
5. The Agreement between the Fund and CACEIS Bank Luxembourg Branch pursuant to which the latter was appointed administrative, registrar and transfer agent. This Agreement may be terminated by either party by giving not less than ninety (90) calendar days' written notice to the other.
6. The Agreement between the Fund and Union Bancaire Privée, UBP SA pursuant to which the latter was appointed to market and promote the Fund and to co-ordinate the promotion and marketing of the Fund throughout Europe as well as provide some reporting services to the Fund.

Any such contract may be amended by mutual consent of the parties thereto, the decision on behalf of the Fund being made by its Board of Directors. Copies of the material contracts referred to above are available for inspection at the registered office of the Fund in Luxembourg. Copies of the Articles of the Fund, of the current Prospectus and of the latest financial reports may be obtained on request at the Fund's registered office.

ANNEX I DINVEST – TOTAL RETURN HOLDINGS

I. BASE CURRENCY OF THE SUB-FUND

The base currency of the Sub-Fund is the USD.

II. SUMMARY: CLASSES OF SHARES WITHIN THE SUB-FUND

The Sub-Fund may issue shares in the following Classes of Shares

This summary only gives certain indications on some of the characteristics of the share classes and should not be relied upon. The summary shall always be read in conjunction with the Prospectus.

Classes	Currency	Initial Minimum Subscription / Minimum Holding	Subscription Charge (up to)	Distribution and Marketing Fee and Reporting Fee (up to)	Maximum Performance Fee Rate	Maximum Management Fee Rate
Class A (Q)	USD	10,000 USD	3.00%	0.2%	10%	1.5%
Class AC(Q)	CHF	10,000 CHF	3.00%	0.2%	10%	1.5%
Class AE(Q)	EUR	10,000 EUR	3.00%	0.2%	10%	1.5%
Class AS(Q)	GBP	10,000 GBP	3.00%	0.2%	10%	1.5%
Class B (Q)	USD	1,000,000 USD	1.5%	0.2%	not charged	1.5%
Class BC(Q)	CHF	1,000,000 CHF	1.5%	0.2%	not charged	1.5%
Class BE(Q)	EUR	1,000,000 EUR	1.5%	0.2%	not charged	1.5%
Class BS(Q)	GBP	1,000,000 GBP	1.5%	0.2%	not charged	1.5%
Class C(Q)	USD	1,000,000 USD	1.5%	0.2%	5%	1%
Class CC(Q)	CHF	1,000,000 CHF	1.5%	0.2%	5%	1%
Class CE(Q)	EUR	1,000,000 EUR	1.5%	0.2%	5%	1%
Class CS(Q)	GBP	1,000,000 GBP	1.5%	0.2%	5%	1%
Class F(Q)	USD	1,000,000 USD	1.5%	0.2%	not charged	1.5%
Class FC(Q)	CHF	1,000,000 CHF	1.5%	0.2%	not charged	1.5%
Class FE(Q)	EUR	1,000,000 EUR	1.5%	0.2%	not charged	1.5%
Class FS(Q)	GBP	1,000,000 GBP	1.5%	0.2%	not charged	1.5%
Class Z(Q)	USD	Nil	not charged	not charged	not charged	not charged
Class G (Q)*	USD	Nil	not charged	0.2%	10%	1%
Class GC (Q)*	CHF	Nil	not charged	0.2%	10%	1%
Class GE (Q)*	EUR	Nil	not charged	0.2%	10%	1%
Class H (Q)*	USD	Nil	not charged	0.2%	not charged	1.5%
Class HE (Q)*	EUR	Nil	not charged	0.2%	not charged	1.5%
Class I (Q)*	USD	Nil	not charged	0.2%	10%	0.75%
Class IE (Q)*	USD	Nil	not charged	0.2%	10%	0.75%

Class B(Q), Class BC(Q), Class BE(Q), Class BS(Q), Class C(Q), Class CC(Q), Class CE(Q), and Class CS(Q), shall be reserved for investments in USD, CHF, EUR and GBP respectively made by investors qualifying as institutional investors within the meaning of, and as provided for, in article 174 (2) of the Luxembourg law of 17th December 2010, as amended.

* Classes are closed to subscriptions.

Class Z(Q) shares shall be exclusively reserved for investments, in USD, made by institutional investors, as defined by Article 174(2) of the 2010 Act, who have concluded a specific remuneration agreement with Union Bancaire Privée, UBP SA or any other entity of the UBP Group.

III. INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICY OF THE SUB-FUND

The assets of DINVEST – Total Return Holdings are primarily allocated to UCIs which may follow any of the hedge funds' investment strategies, including but not limited to:

- Equity Long-Short;
- Arbitrage or relative value;
- Event Driven;
- Distressed securities;
- Macro; and
- CTAs (Commodity Trading Advisors),

In addition the Sub-Fund may also invest, subject to the investment restrictions set forth below, in "Long Only" UCIs.

DINVEST – Total Return Holdings may also invest in UCIs whose investment objective and strategy is to deliver returns that substantially correlate with Hedge Funds indices.

The Board of Directors believes that by focusing on these strategies, the Sub-Fund may benefit from the most experienced alternative asset managers in the industry.

The UCIs in which the Sub-Fund invests will be carefully selected on the basis of the experience, demonstrated expertise and personal commitment of their managers or advisers and of course, the Sub-manager's capability of generating returns over time which generally outperform relevant peer group and/ or benchmark. The allocation process is assisted by an asset allocation model which analyzes the results of the combinations of different UCIs with different asset allocations and risk/return parameters. For such purpose an analysis is made of both the track record and the management style of the Sub-managers in order to achieve a comprehensive overview of the possible risks and rewards.

Such UCIs may invest in a wide variety of securities and derivatives thereon and may be leveraged. The UCIs may invest either internationally or may be more specific and concentrate on a particular country or even a sector within a country. The Sub-managers will normally define the market objectives of such UCIs and the methods that will be employed in an attempt to fulfil these objectives. The UCIs to be selected may be open-ended or closed-ended. The Sub-Fund will seek diversification by spreading investments among various UCIs investing in different types of assets and using different investment or trading techniques. There will be a constant monitoring of the results of such UCIs and investment companies and the techniques used by the Sub-managers. Sometimes a Director or employee of the Investment Manager or the Fund may be appointed to the Board of one or several UCIs in which the Sub-Fund will invest.

The Sub-Fund may invest a substantial portion of its assets through Independent Fund Platforms promoted or run by third party Platform Managers which may generally offer increased transparency, risk monitoring, assets control and governance services.

The Sub-Fund may engage in transactions involving the use of financial derivative instruments and such other efficient portfolio management techniques for investment or hedging purposes.

The Investment Manager has appointed Union Bancaire Privée Asset Management LLC as Investment Adviser to provide the Investment Manager with research and non-discretionary investment advice in connection with the Sub-Fund. The Investment Adviser is registered as an investment adviser with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC").

IV. INVESTMENT RESTRICTIONS OF THE SUB-FUND

In addition to the general investment restrictions applicable to all Sub-Funds, the Sub-Fund shall be subject to the following specific restrictions:

- 1 The Sub-Fund will primarily invest in UCIs in accordance with the strategies as defined in the Sub-Fund's Investment Policy.
- 2 The Sub-Fund will not invest less than 70% of its net assets on aggregate basis in: (i) cash or money market instruments, (ii) shares or units of UCIs that offer quarterly redemption or better, (iii) shares or units of closed-ended schemes that are listed or dealt on an a regulated, (iv) any securities or other eligible assets offering a quarterly liquidity or better.
- 3 The Sub-Fund may not borrow or otherwise use leverage exceeding 50% of the Sub-Fund's net assets. Such borrowings may be used for investment purposes and / or to bridge short term liabilities including for the satisfaction of redemption requests;
- 4 The Sub-Fund may not: (i) grant loans or (ii) act as guarantor on behalf of third parties.
- 5 The Sub-Fund may not carry out uncovered sales of securities, provided however that the UCI, in which the Sub-Fund shall invest, may carry out such short sales;
- 6 The Sub-Fund will not invest in physical commodities or other physical assets (such as art, antiques, etc.) provided that the individual UCIs may, under exceptional circumstances, be compelled to acquire physical commodities positions for a limited period of time.

In case UCIs are not established in countries providing for a permanent supervision over investment funds ensuring investors' protection, the Board of Directors of the Fund may from time to time, in its discretion, instruct the Investment Manager or any third party to identify and assess the regulatory and operational risks relating to such UCIs, including, but not exclusively, as to one or more of the following areas: registration and disclosure (prospectuses, offering memoranda, filing with the regulatory authorities, etc.), portfolio management, conflict of interests, books and records (accounting and corporate records, etc.), custody and possession, provided that any such information is made available (see above "*Due Diligence Process*").

In addition, the Sub-Fund may, in extraordinary circumstances, on a temporary basis and for defensive purposes, invest all or part of its assets in short term or medium term debt securities or cash.

Further, since the investments of the underlying UCIs are subject to market fluctuations as well as to the risks inherent to any investment, achievement of the investment objective of the Sub-Fund cannot be guaranteed.

V. DISTRIBUTIONS

The Board of Directors of the Fund has currently no intention to propose to shareholders of DINVEST – Total Return Holdings to distribute dividends for the time being.

VI. APPLICATION, REDEMPTION AND CONVERSION OF SHARES

A. APPLICATION FOR SHARES

Class A(Q), AC(Q), AE(Q), AS(Q), B(Q), BC(Q), BE(Q), BS(Q), C(Q), CC(Q), CE(Q), CS(Q), F(Q), FC(Q), FE(Q), FS(Q) and Z(Q) shares are issued on a monthly basis. The subscription day will be the last calendar day of each month and/or such other day or days as the Directors may determine (each a "Subscription Day").

Shares are priced as of the last calendar day of each month and/or such other day or days as the Directors may determine (each a "Valuation Day") normally within 15 Business Days after the relevant Valuation Day.

Shares in each issued Class are issued at the relevant Net Asset Value per share of each Class. If issued, Class AE(Q), Class BE(Q), Class CE(Q) and Class FE(Q) shares are issued at the relevant Net Asset Value per share in EUR and subscriptions for shares of such Classes are to be made in EUR. If issued, Class AC(Q), Class BC(Q), Class CC(Q) and Class FC(Q) shares are issued at the relevant Net Asset Value per share in CHF and subscriptions for shares of such Classes are to be made in CHF. If issued, Class AS(Q), Class BS(Q), Class CS(Q) and Class FS(Q) shares are issued at the relevant Net Asset Value per share in GBP and subscriptions for shares of such Classes are to be made in GBP.

For certain Class, a Subscription Charge as mentioned in Section II may be added to the Subscription Price to compensate selected financial intermediaries and other persons who assist in the placement of shares.

For Shares opened to subscriptions, applications must be received by the Administrative Agent by noon (Luxembourg time), at least on the Business Day falling 5 Business Days prior to the relevant Subscription Day and payment of the subscription monies must normally be received in cleared funds 3 Business Days prior to the relevant Subscription Day. Any application (or any application for which the subscription monies are) received after such time is considered for the immediately following Subscription Day. Should any application be rejected, the subscription monies will be returned to the applicant (without interest) as soon as practicable, at the risk and cost of the applicant. Fractions of Shares may be issued up to four decimal places.

B. REDEMPTION OF SHARES

The shares of Class A(Q), AC(Q), AE(Q), AS(Q), B(Q), BC(Q), BE(Q), BS(Q), C(Q), CC(Q), CE(Q), CS(Q), F(Q), FC(Q), FE(Q), FS(Q), G(Q), GC(Q), GE(Q), H(Q), HE(Q), I(Q), IE(Q) and Z(Q) are generally redeemable on the last calendar day of each calendar quarter and/or such other day or days as the Directors may from time to time determine (each a "Redemption Day").

The shares are redeemable at their relevant Net Asset Value, each computed as of the relevant Redemption Day.

A written redemption request must be received by the Administrative Agent no later than noon (Luxembourg time) on the Business Day falling at least 5 Business Days plus 3 calendar months before the last Business Day of the relevant calendar quarter in which the relevant Redemption Day falls. Orders received after such times are considered for the immediately following Redemption Day.

A minimum of 90% of the redemption proceeds will normally be paid by bank transfer in the currency of denomination of the Class concerned, after deduction of transfer costs, on the account of the first named of

joint shareholders within 5 Business Days after the calculation of the Net Asset Value of the shares which will be made as of the relevant Valuation Day normally within 15 Business Days after the applicable Valuation Day, provided that the Administrative Agent has received the relevant share certificate(s), if any. The balance, if any, will be paid upon reception of residual redemption proceeds of related disinvestments in underlying assets.

C. CONVERSION OF SHARES

The shares of DINVEST – Total Return Holdings are convertible into shares of another issued Class of DINVEST – Total Return Holdings, within the limits and subject to the provisions set out below and any restrictions contained in this Prospectus, on the last calendar day of each month and/or such other day or days as the Directors may from time to time determine (each a "Conversion Day"), provided the share class into which the conversion is to take place is opened to subscriptions:

- i) If issued, shares of Class A(Q), Class AC(Q), Class AE(Q) and Class AS (Q) may be converted into shares of Class A(Q), Class AC(Q), Class AE(Q) and Class AS(Q) respectively.
- ii) If issued, shares of Class B(Q), Class BC(Q), Class BE(Q) and Class BS(Q), may be converted into shares of Class B(Q), Class BC(Q), Class BE(Q) and Class BS(Q) respectively.
- iii) If issued, shares of Class C(Q), Class CC(Q), Class CE(Q) and Class CS(Q) may be converted into shares of Class C(Q), Class CC(Q), Class CE(Q) and Class CS(Q) respectively.
- iv) If issued, shares of Class F(Q), Class FC(Q), Class FE(Q) and Class FS(Q) may be converted into shares of Class F(Q), Class FC(Q), Class FE(Q) and Class FS(Q) respectively.
- v) If issued, shares of Class G(Q), GC(Q) and GE(Q), may be converted into shares of Class G(Q), GC(Q) and GE(Q) respectively.
- vi) If issued, shares of Class H(Q) and HE(Q) may be converted into shares of Class H(Q) and HE(Q) respectively.
- vii) If issued, shares of Class I(Q) and IE(Q) may be converted into shares of Class I(Q) and IE(Q) respectively.

A written conversion request must be received by the Administrative Agent no later than noon (Luxembourg time) on the Business Day falling at least 5 Business Days prior to the relevant Conversion Day . Orders received after such times are considered for the immediately following Conversion Day. The conversion will normally be effected within 5 Business Days after the calculation of the Net Asset Value of the shares which will be made as of the relevant Valuation Day normally within 15 Business Days after the applicable Valuation Day, provided that the Administrative Agent has received the relevant share certificate(s), if any.

No conversion fee will be charged.

VII. FEES AND EXPENSES

a. Management Fee

The share Class each pay a quarterly management fee, as mentioned in Section II, based on their respective average net assets during the relevant quarter. As compensation for the Investment Manager's duties in managing DINVEST – Total Return Holdings, the Investment Manager will charge a fee. Fees

payable to the Investment Manager and the Investment Adviser (if any) are paid out of these Management Fees.

b. Performance Fee

For certain Class (see table in Section II), the Investment Manager will also be entitled to receive an annual performance fee.

For the performance fee to be levied, the Net Asset Value (since the Sub-Fund's inception) must have reached a new all-time high and have exceeded the Hurdle Rate. In order to protect Shareholders' interests, a High-Water Mark principle is applied in order to ensure that a performance fee is never charged in respect of an increase in the Net Asset Value per share of the relevant Class which has previously resulted in the payment of a performance fee to the Investment Manager. The High Water Mark of DINVEST – Total Return Holdings's related classes will be carried over in the Sub-Fund.

At the implementation of the new performance fee, the High-Water Mark will be equal to the Net Asset Value per share of the relevant Class as at the beginning of the financial year. If the Net Asset Value per share of such Class at the end of a financial year is above the High-Water Mark, the High-Water Mark will be reset to that Net Asset Value per share of such Class (whether or not a performance fee was deducted in calculating such Net Asset Value per share of such Class), but otherwise the High-Water Mark will remain unchanged.

The performance fee will be adjusted for subscriptions during the relevant performance period so that these will not affect the performance fee payable.

Hurdle Rate

The Hurdle Rate at the beginning of each financial year will be equal to the High-Water Mark. The Hurdle Rate at the end of each financial year will be equal to the High-Water Mark plus 5%. For the purpose of calculating the Net Asset Value per share of the relevant Class as of any Valuation Day during a financial year, the High-Water Mark at the beginning of the financial year will be increased by 0.4166% per month.

Level of the Performance Fee

The performance fee will be equal to the percentage set forth in the table in the Section II (the Performance Fee Rate) of the difference between the Net Asset Value per share Before Performance Fee (the "NAVBPFF") at the end of the Fund's financial year and the High-Water Mark at the beginning of the financial year.

Entitlement to the Performance Fee

- (1) If the NAVBPFF is lower than or equal to the Hurdle Rate at the end of the financial year, the Investment Manager will not be entitled to receive a performance fee.
- (2) If the NAVBPFF is higher than the Hurdle Rate at the end of the financial year but, after deduction of the performance fee per share of the relevant Class as described above, the Net Asset Value per share of such Class would be below the Hurdle Rate at the end of the financial year, the Investment Manager will be entitled to receive a performance fee equal to the difference between the NAVBPFF and the Hurdle Rate multiplied by the number of shares in issue in such Class at the end of the financial year.
- (3) If the NAVBPFF minus the performance fee per share is higher than the Hurdle Rate, the Investment

Manager will be entitled to receive a performance fee calculated as described above.

Accrual of the Performance Fee

For the purpose of calculating the Net Asset Value per share of the relevant Class as of any Valuation Day, the performance fee will be accrued (if applicable) as an expense of the relevant Class.

The performance fee will normally be payable within 14 days after the end of each financial year. However, in the case of shares redeemed prior to the end of a financial year, any accrued performance fee in respect of those shares will be paid to the Investment Manager at the date of redemption.

If the Investment Management Agreement is terminated prior to the last day of a financial year, the performance fee in respect of that year will be calculated and paid as if the date of termination were the end of that financial year.

c. Distribution and Marketing Fee and Reporting Fee

Union Bancaire Privée, UBP SA has been entrusted with the distribution and marketing of DINVEST – Total Return Holdings as well as certain administrative services which cover the supplying of data and information needed for the preparation of the periodical reports to be published by the Fund. In order to compensate the services so provided by UBP, UBP will be entitled to an annual distribution and marketing fee and reporting fee payable monthly

d. Service Fee Fee

The AIFM is entitled to receive, out of the assets of the Fund a Service Fee. The Service Fee includes the fee for the Depository Bank, the Domiciliary Agent and the Administrative, Registrar and Transfer Agent who will be paid by the AIFM out of this Service Fee.

e. Exchange related cost

Classes in currencies other than the base currency of the Sub-Fund will bear all exchange-related cost concerning the Subscription Price and/or Redemption Price respectively received or paid in the Sub-Fund's base currency, cost relating to the calculation of the Net Asset Value and any related costs.

In addition, all the costs and risk resulting from hedging transactions will be supported by the shares denominated in the currencies respectively.

e. Maximum amount of fees

The maximum amount of fees, charges and expenses to be borne directly or indirectly by Shareholders is available at the registered office of the AIFM.

VIII. LEVERAGE

Leverage means any method by which the Sub-Fund's exposure may be increased, whether through the borrowing of cash or of any other assets, via derivatives or by any other means.

Maximum leverage using the Gross Method: 400 %

Maximum leverage using the Commitment Method: 200%

Further information regarding notably the circumstances in which the Sub-Fund is entitled to use leverage, the types and sources of leverage, any right to reuse collateral or any guarantee granted under the leveraging arrangement as well as any change to the above-mentioned maximum level of leverage will be disclosed at the registered office of the AIFM]. The frequency or timing of such disclosure is also available at the registered office of the AIFM.

ANNEX II – INFORMATION FOR QUALIFIED INVESTORS IN SWITZERLAND

1. DISTRIBUTION IN SWITZERLAND

Dinvest SICAV (the “Fund”) **is not approved for distribution to non-qualified investors in or from Switzerland**. As a consequence, the Fund and its sub-funds **may only be distributed to qualified investors** as defined in Article 10 of the Swiss Collective Investment Schemes Act.

2. REPRESENTATIVE AND PAYING AGENT

The representative and paying agent of the Fund in Switzerland is Union Bancaire Privée, UBP SA, with registered office at 96-98 rue du Rhône, P.O. Box 1320, 1211 Geneva 1.

3. PLACE WHERE THE RELEVANT DOCUMENTS MAY BE OBTAINED

The prospectus, articles of association, annual and semi-annual reports may be obtained free of charge from both the Swiss representative and the Fund.

4. PAYMENT OF RETROCESSIONS

The Fund’s Management Company, respectively the Fund, and their agents may pay retrocessions as remuneration for distribution activity in respect of units in the Fund in or from Switzerland. This remuneration may be deemed payment for the following services in particular:

- organisation of *road shows* ;
- organisation of commercial events;
- taking part in such events ;
- production of marketing documents;
- training of sales staff.

Retrocessions are not deemed to be rebates even if they are ultimately passed on, in full or in part, to the investors.

The recipients of the retrocessions must ensure transparent disclosure and inform investors, unsolicited and free of charge, about the amount of remuneration they may receive for distribution.

On request of the investors concerned, the recipients of retrocessions must disclose the amounts they actually receive for distributing the Fund.

5. PAYMENT OF REBATES

In the case of distribution activity in or from Switzerland, the Fund’s Management Company, respectively the Fund, and their agents may, upon request, pay rebates directly to investors. The purpose of rebates is to reduce the fees or costs incurred by the investor in question. Rebates are permitted provided that:

- they are paid from fees received by the Fund’s Management Company and therefore do not represent an additional charge on the fund assets;
- they are granted on the basis of objective criteria;
- all investors who meet these objective criteria and demand rebates are also granted these within the same timeframe and to the same extent.

The objective criteria are as follows:

- the volume subscribed by the investor or the total volume held by the investor in the Fund or, where applicable, in the product range of which UBP is the promoter;
- the investor’s assets managed by a UBP-group entity and/or deposited with a UBP-Group entity;
- the amount of the fees generated by the investor;
- the investment behaviour shown by the investor (e.g. expected investment period);

- the investor's willingness to provide support in the launch phase of a collective investment scheme of which UBP is the promoter.

At the request of the investor, the Fund's Management Company or its agents must disclose the amounts of such rebates free of charge.

6. PLACE OF PERFORMANCE AND JURISDICTION

In respect of the units distributed in and from Switzerland, the place of performance and jurisdiction is the registered office of the representative.

The information contained in this annex must be read with the Fund's prospectus.